

The Sydney University Stellar Interferometer

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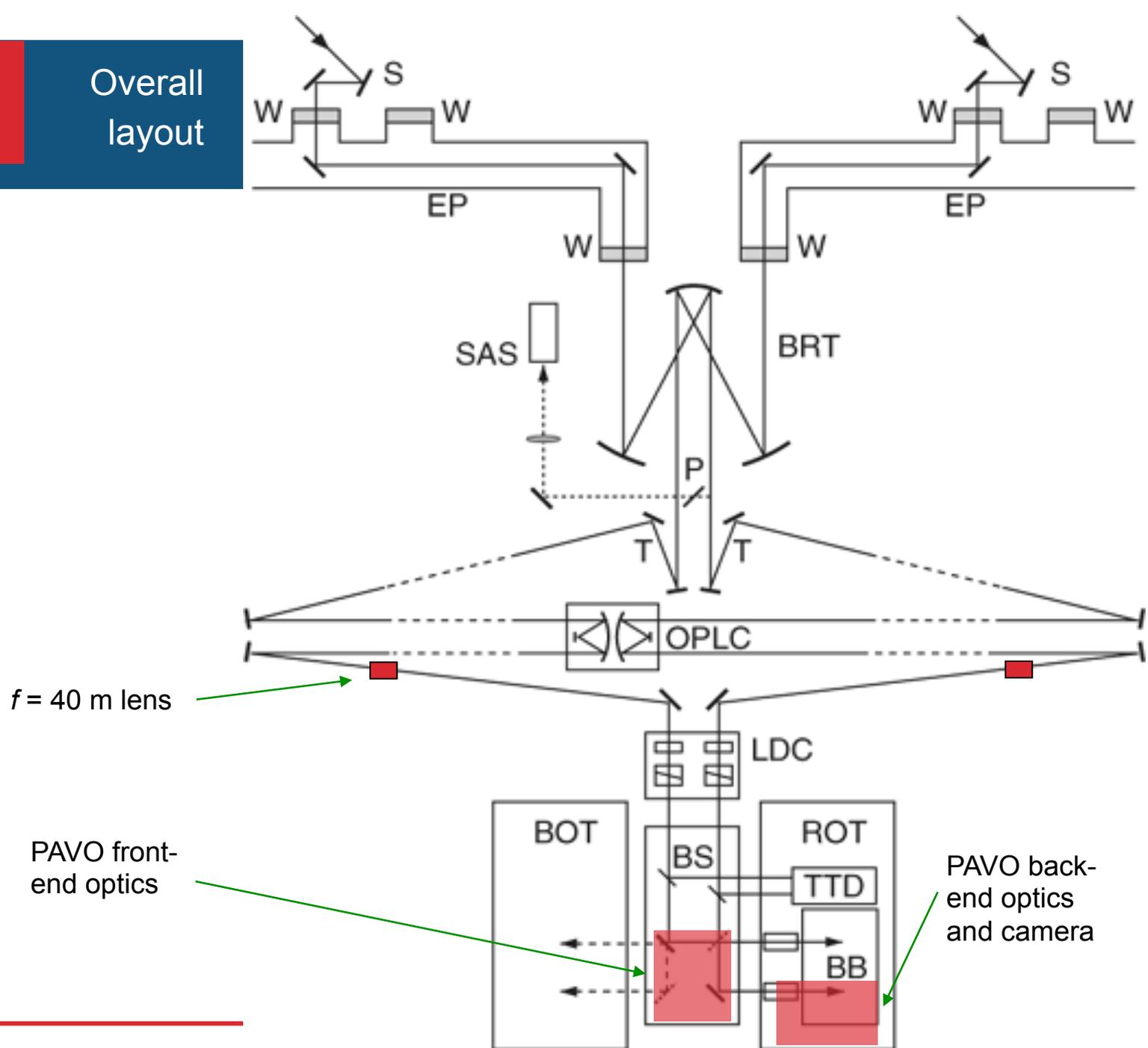
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In Memoriam: John Davis 1932 - 2010





Overall layout





Optical path length compensator

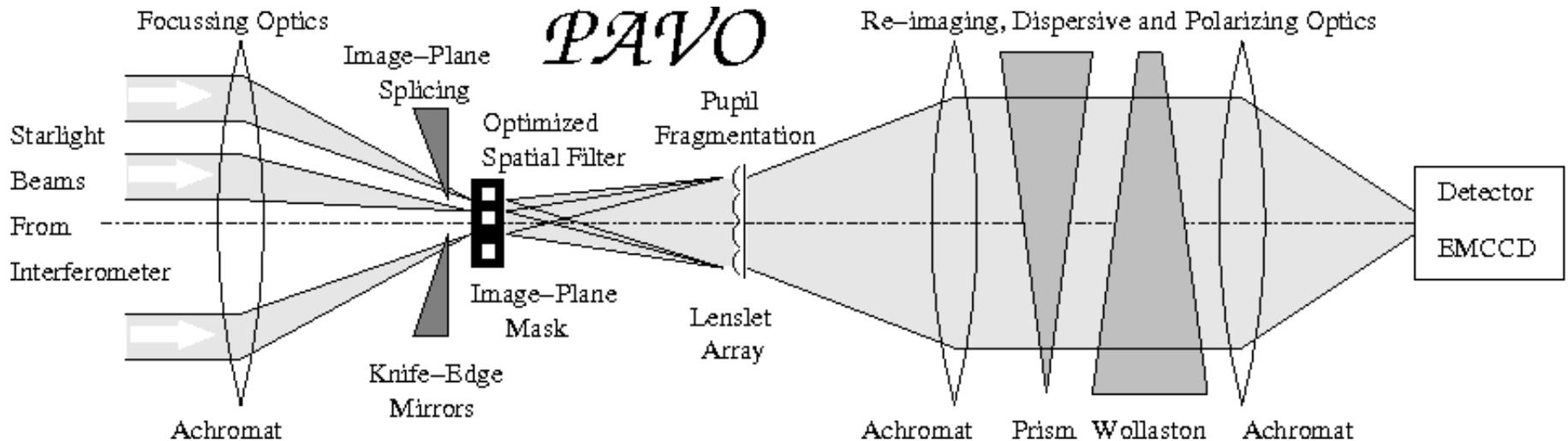




35m focal length achromats

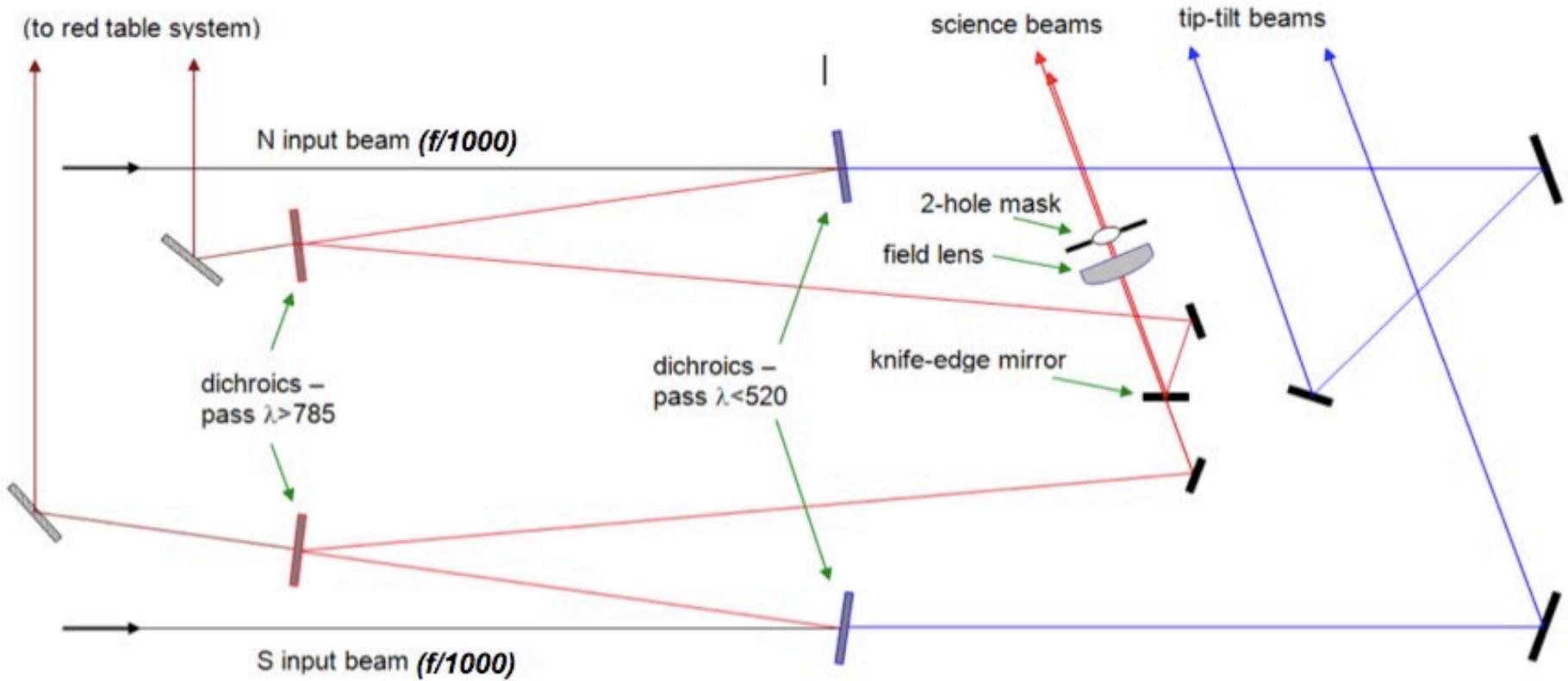


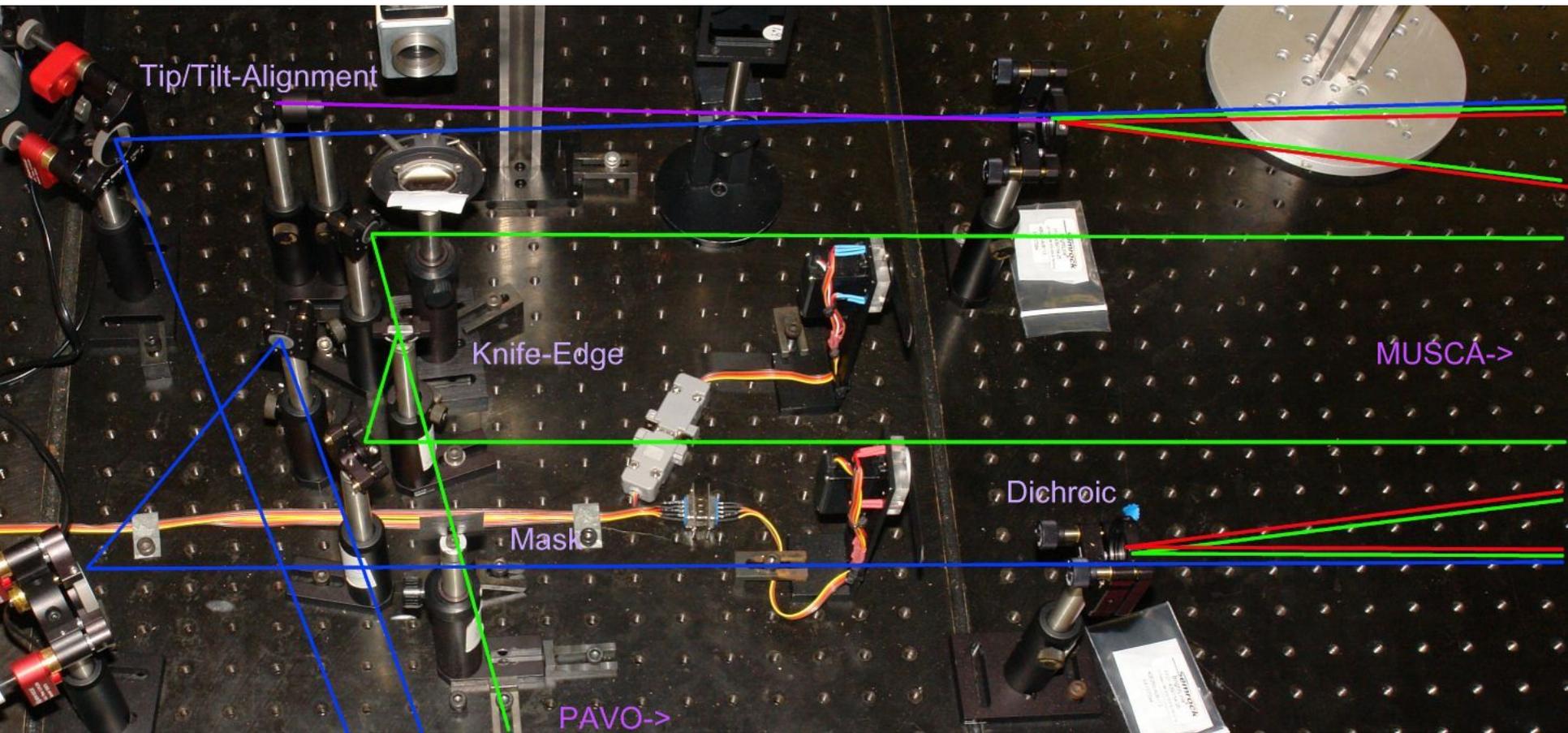
- “Twin” instruments at SUSI and CHARA
- PAVO uses ~1000 pixels, splitting the pupil into 16 parts (CHARA) or 4 parts (SUSI), with 30 wavelengths and spatial modulation.

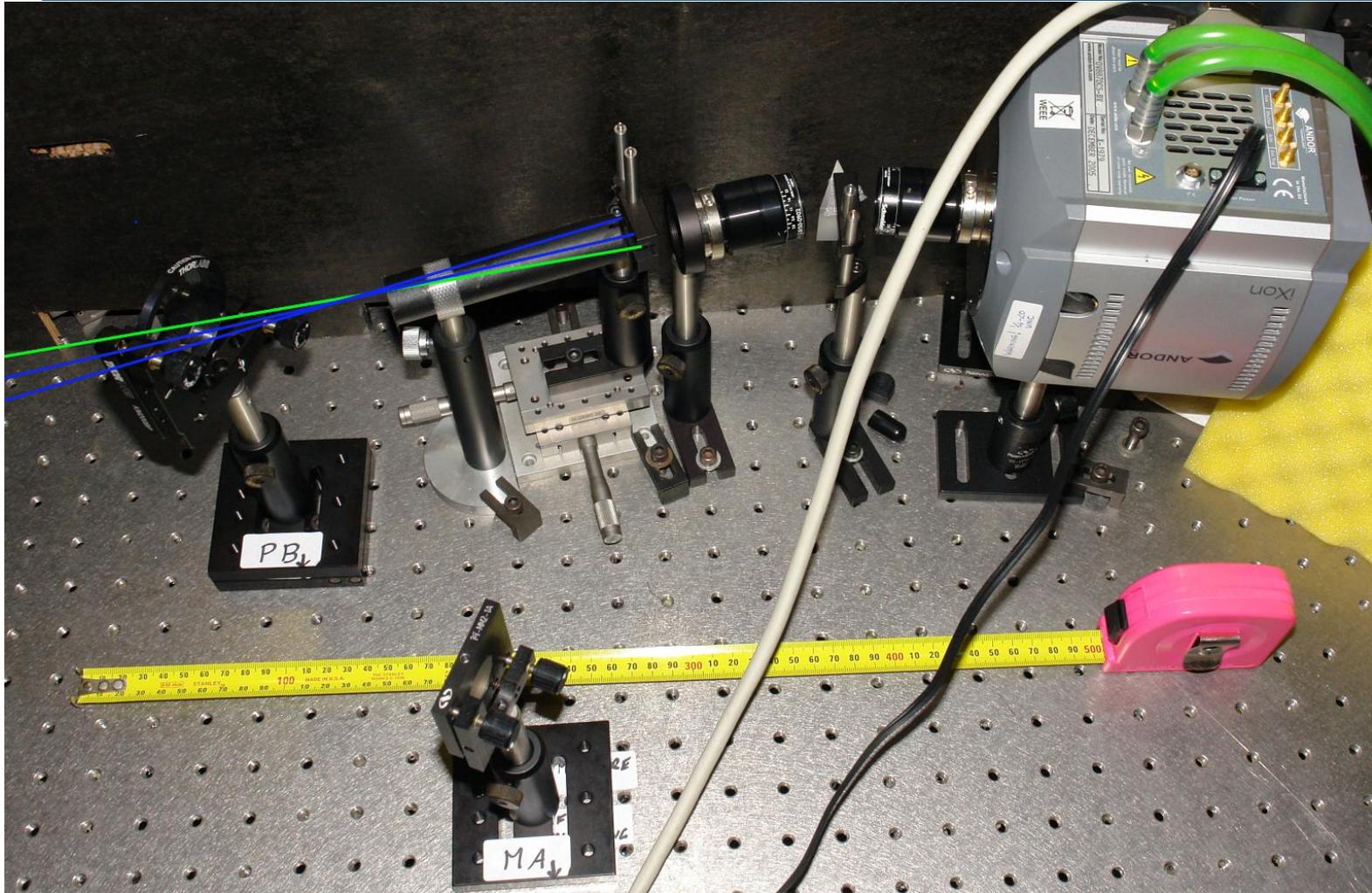




PAVO@SUSI (old layout)







SUSI regularly operates under full remote control (in fact is rarely driven from site). Once set up a queue-scheduler mostly takes care of the work.



PAVO Remote observing...



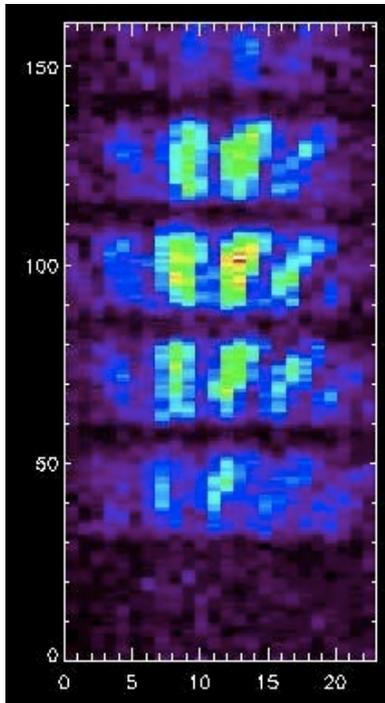
The screenshot displays the PAVO remote observing software interface, which includes several windows for controlling the system:

- VIDMON (Top Left):** A control panel showing the current speed (22.92 Fm/S) and buttons for CAM ON/OFF, TV ON/OFF, S1-S4_CAM, PING, REOPEN, and QUIT.
- VIDMON (Top Center):** A video feed window showing a close-up of a sample stage labeled 'S1' inside a chamber.
- LUVcview(c)Laurent Pinchart (Top Right):** A window showing a live video feed of a sample stage with a green waveform overlaid on the image.
- VIDMON (Bottom Left):** A control panel showing the current speed (23.04 Fm/S) and buttons for CAM ON/OFF, TV ON/OFF, N1-S4_CAM, PING, REOPEN, and QUIT.
- VIDMON (Bottom Center):** A video feed window showing a long, narrow tunnel or chamber.
- I/O Control (Bottom Right):** A control panel with a table for Power and Control settings, and a Timer section.

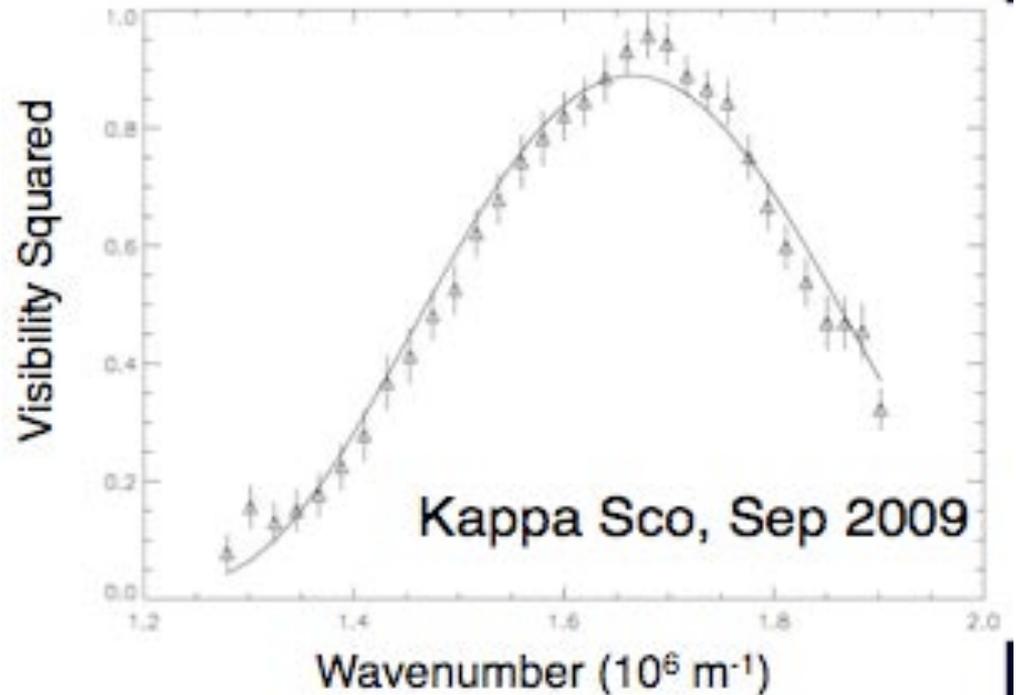
Power	Control	Timer
Power1	<input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off	0 Sec <input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off
Power2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off	0 Sec <input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off
Power3	<input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off	0 Sec <input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off
Power4	<input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off	0 Sec <input type="radio"/> On <input checked="" type="radio"/> Off
- P0 (Bottom Right):** A control panel with a dropdown menu set to 'SMET-P' and buttons for MOVE, INITIALIZE, PING, REOPEN, and QUIT.

The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the taskbar with icons for P0, LUV..., IP92..., [Sky..., and [run...]

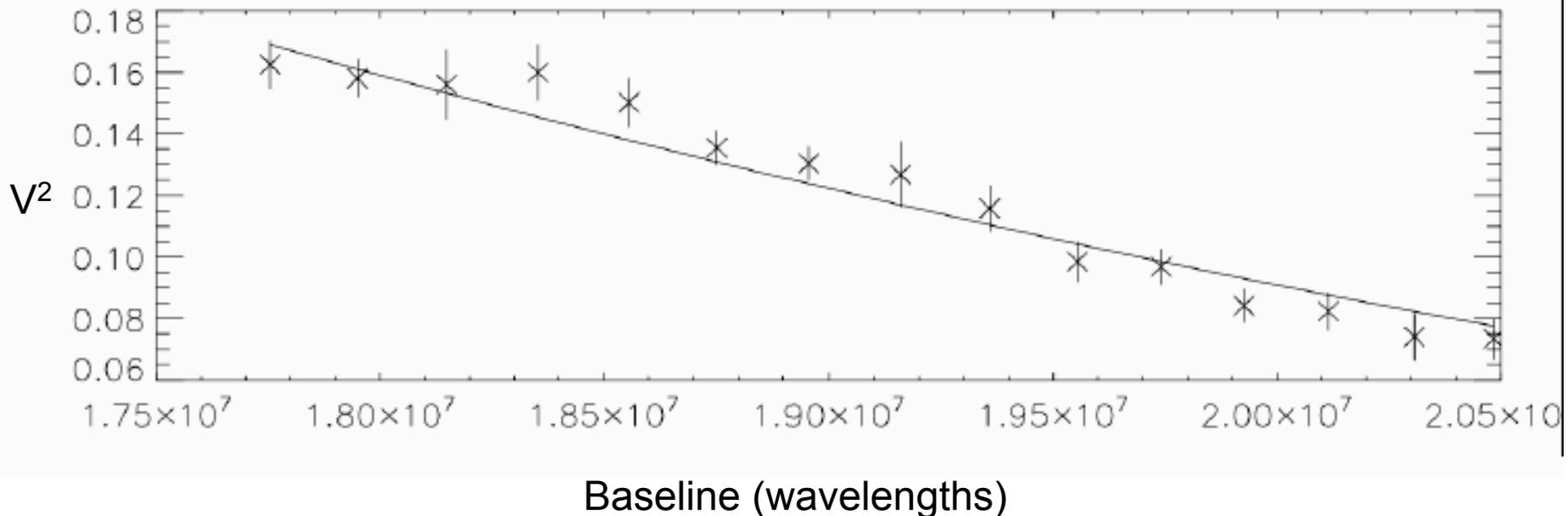
- › Preliminary Sco-Cen survey for companions.
- › Several companions, that were not in major catalogs (kappa Cen, ups Sco)
- › A major part of the research effort for Aaron Rizzuto



7ms of raw
Fomalhaut
data.



- Pulsating K-giant, a “hybrid bright giant” that is UV-bright and has a wind that is both cool and hot (coronal). Precision diameter required for asteroseismology collaboration with Tim Bedding/Graham Harper
- UD Diameter 9.08 ± 0.07 compared with Cohen’s 8.98 ± 0.1 mas LD estimation. Double checking wavelength scale calibration before publication...





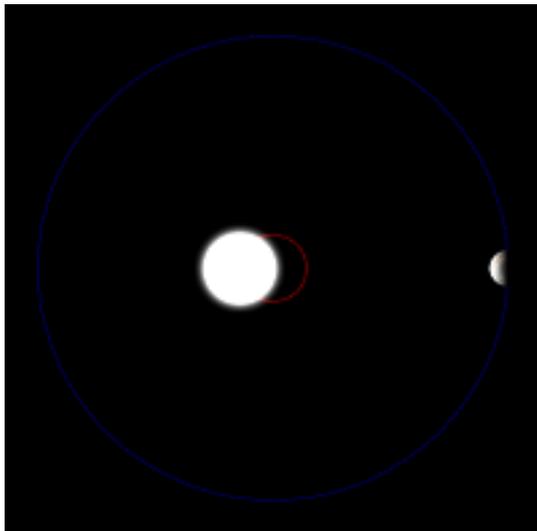
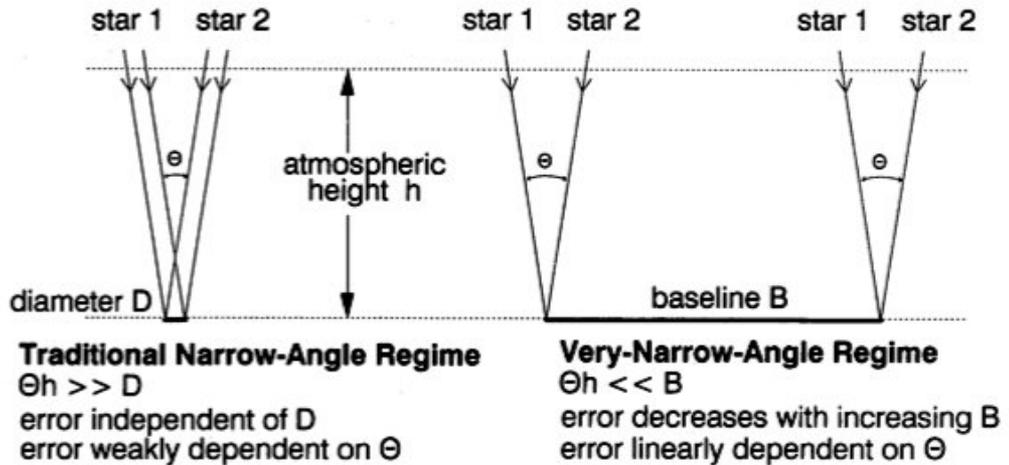
The outback is not always a desert ...



V²



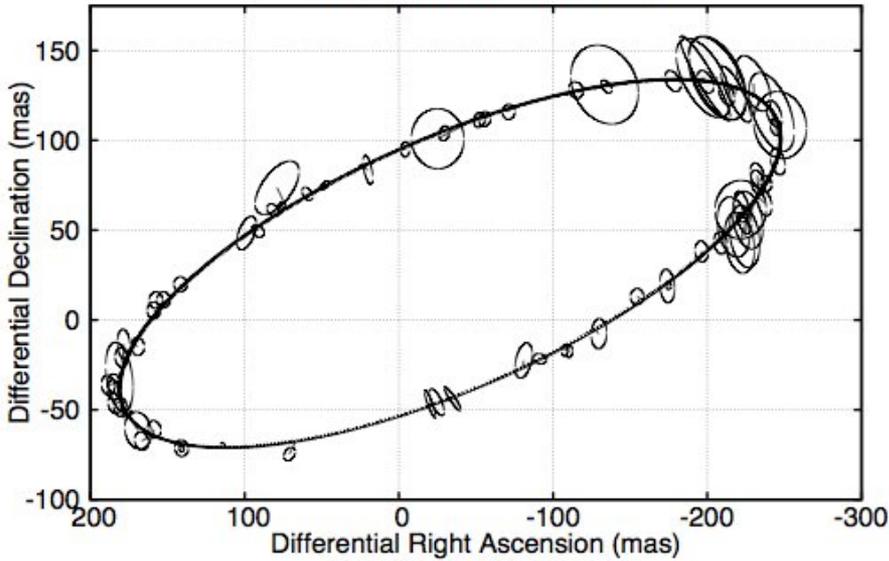
MUSCA: A Project for Finding Tatoonie



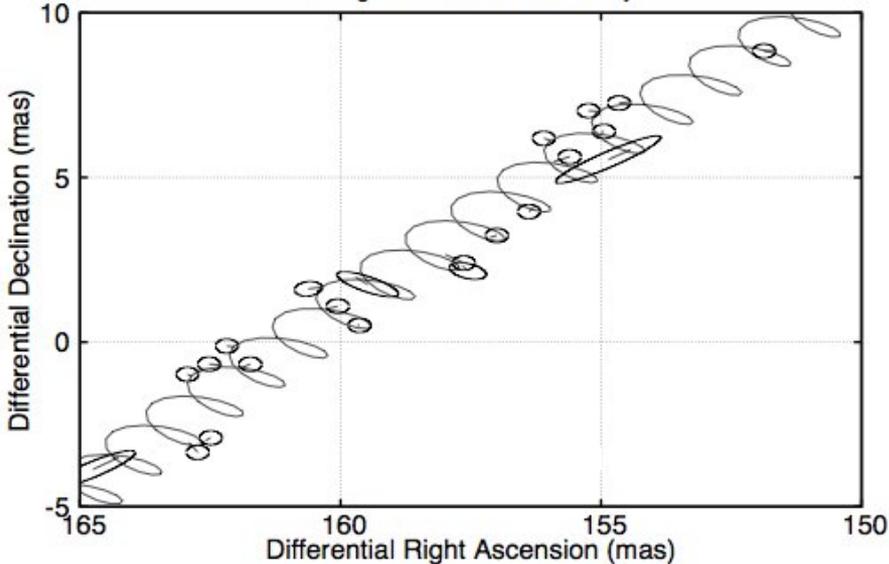
Searching for companions astrometrically

- › Side-to-side wobble, not back and forth wobble.
- › Unlike radial velocity: gives inclination and a unique mass.

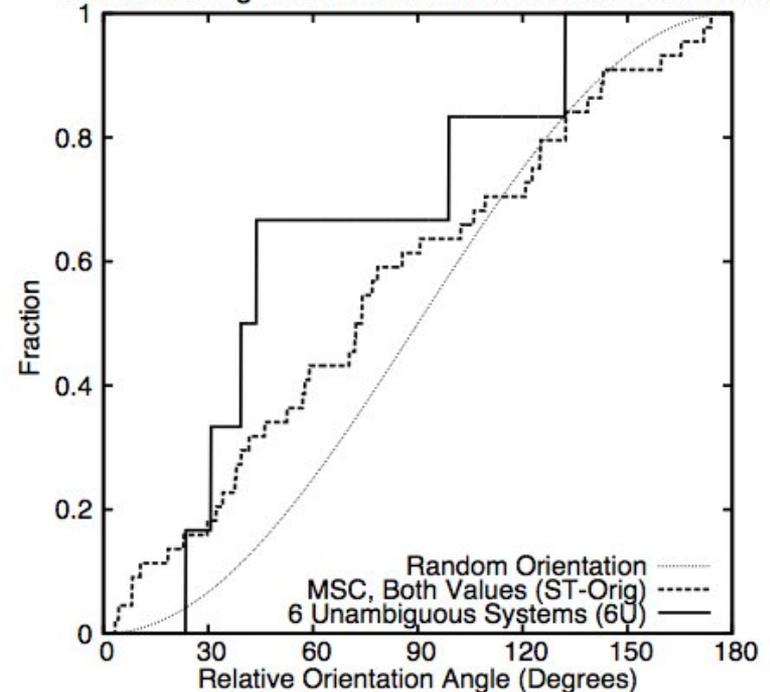
κ Pegasi Previous Astrometry

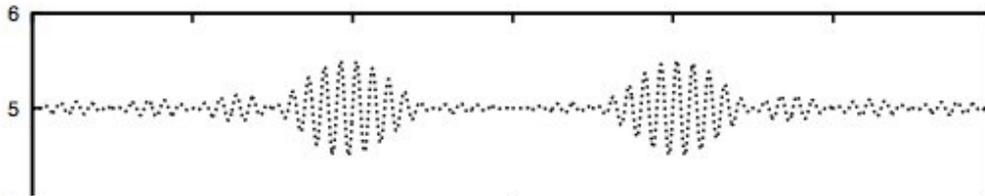


κ Pegasi PHASES Astrometry



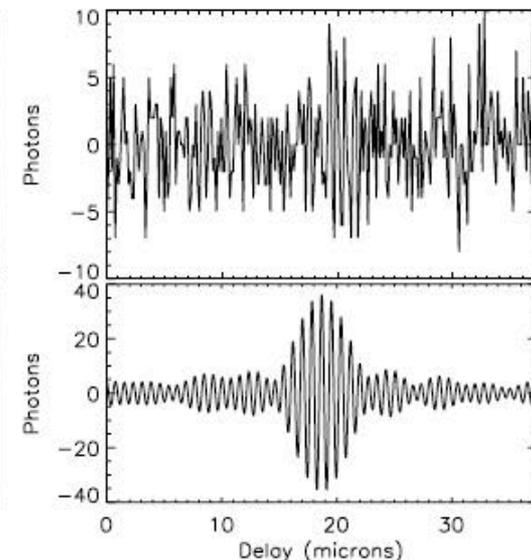
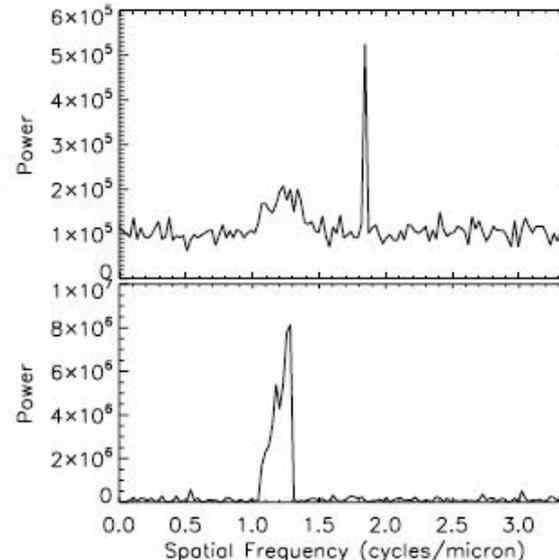
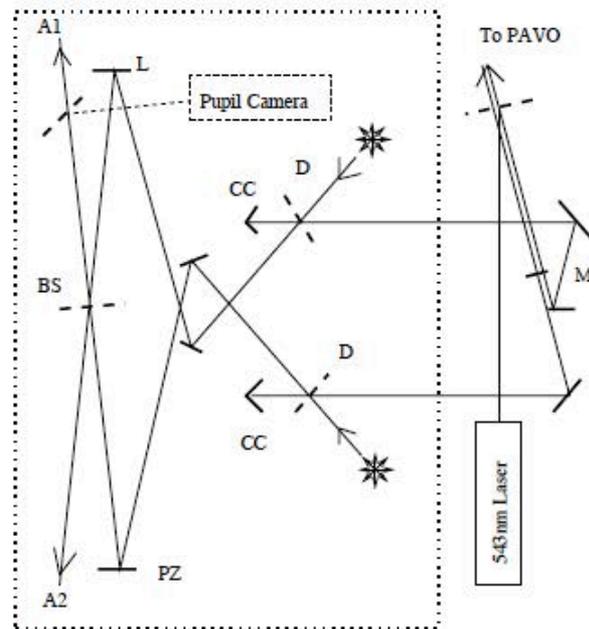
Observed Angular Momentum Orientation Distribution





Optics concept, 4th mag, 50ms simulation with 543nm laser and reconstructed fringe.

1. PAVO tracks the phase for star 1. The “red table” measures the phase for star 1 and star 2.
2. Only the *difference* in optical path between two closely-spaced beams affects the astrometric measurement.
3. Corrections to the delay can be applied in post-processing (photon-counting).



- > Astrometric signature of Jupiter at 10pc is $100\mu\text{as}$.
- > Fundamental limits for 1 hour observing are:
 - $2.6\mu\text{as}$ from photon-noise (S/N of 1 per scan)
 - $3\mu\text{as}$ from anisoplanatism (1" binary).
- > Practical limits will likely be 10^{-5} fractional precision: $10\mu\text{as}$ for a 1" binary or $75\mu\text{as}$ for α Cen.
- > Competitor (VLT-PRIMA) will mostly focus on wider binaries.
- > 50-100 targets

