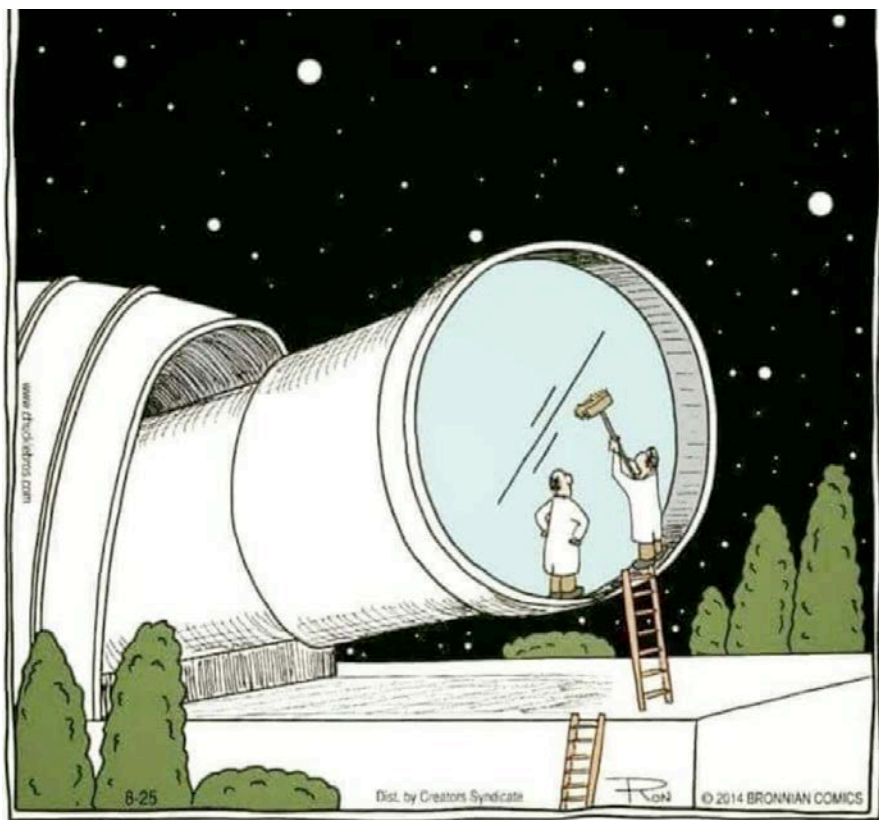
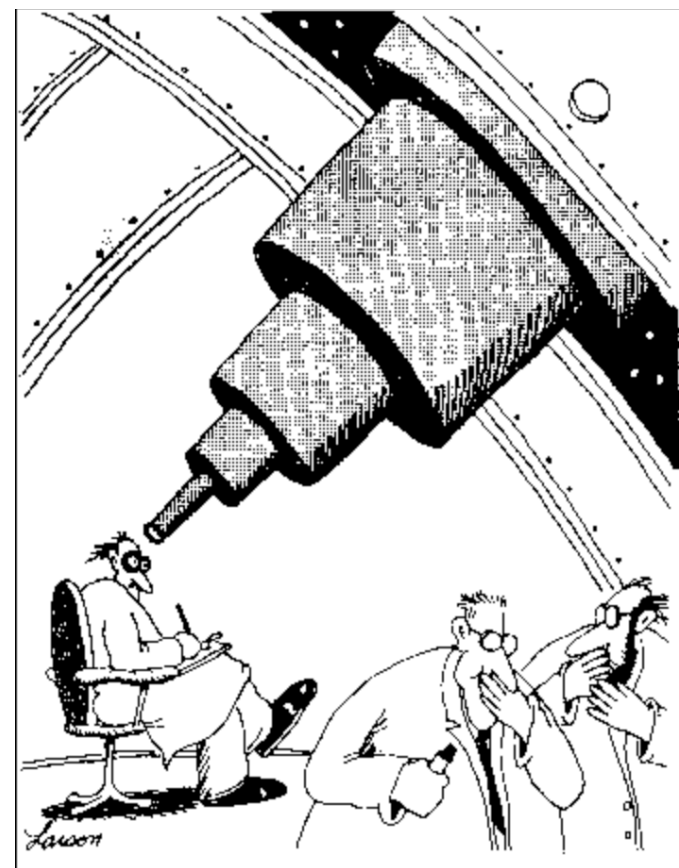


BLS - AO Update - CLASSIC/CLIMB Upgrade

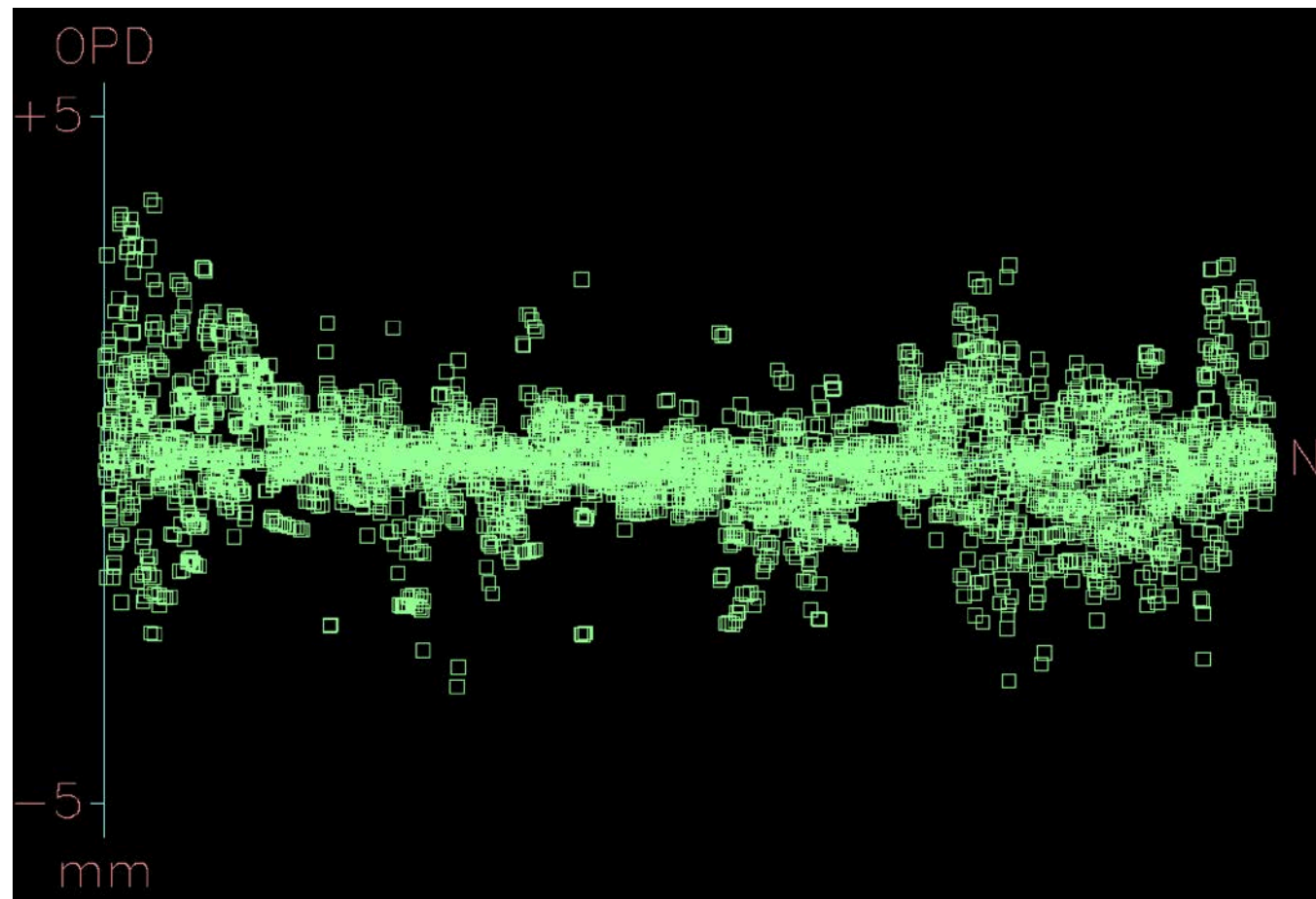
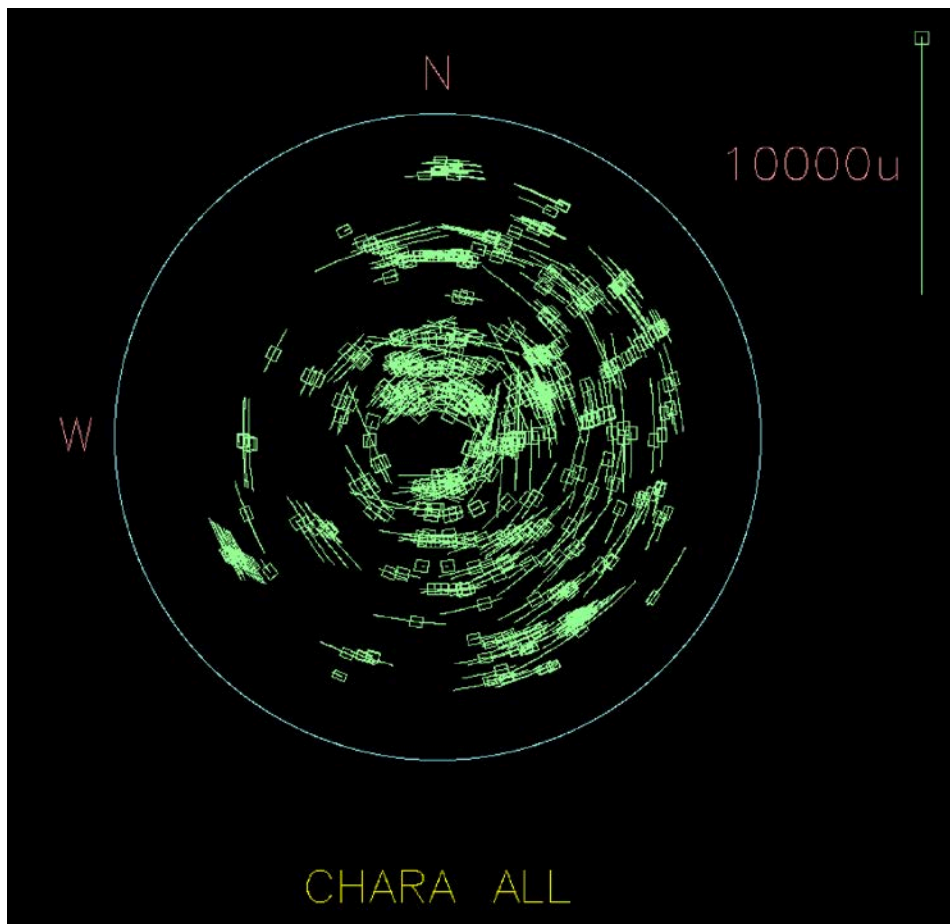


"See? I told you it wasn't a new planet!"

Theo ten Brummelaar



Baseline Solution Update



Data from MIRC only



TELESCOPE DATA FOR S1

TELESCOPE DATA FOR S2

TELESCOPE DATA FOR E1

XOFFSET	/ - / /	XOFFSET	,05/ -324	XOFFSET	00-836
YOFFSET	/ - / /	YOFFSET	32-055	YOFFSET	7/ - / 54
ZOFFSET	/ - / /	ZOFFSET	434-562	ZOFFSET	010-206
LIGHT	/ - / /	LIGHT	788-054	LIGHT	4448-377
POP1	/ - / /	POP1	0/ 8-751	POP1	/ - / /
POP2	130-714	POP2	/ - / /	POP2	,083- / 14
POP3	,422-3/ 4	POP3	6/ -572	POP3	,0/ 6-141
POP4	,0/ 86-152	POP4	,124-651	POP4	0017-444
POP5	,521-406	POP5	,1/ 71-263	POP5	0144-513





TELESCOPE DATA FOR E2

TELESCOPE DATA FOR W1

TELESCOPE DATA FOR W2

XOFFSET	,165-33/	XOFFSET	,635-881	XOFFSET	,21-/ / 1
YOFFSET	,121-482	YOFFSET	,85-124	YOFFSET	21/ -463
ZOFFSET	,63-315	ZOFFSET	858-220	ZOFFSET	37-7/ 2
LIGHT	,044/ -608	LIGHT	1305-557	LIGHT	4577-437
POP1	127-375	POP1	,10/ / -186	POP1	/ -/ / /
POP2	,10-100	POP2	,044/ -713	POP2	/ -/ / /
POP3	/ -/ / /	POP3	/ -/ / /	POP3	/ -/ / /
POP4	161-164	POP4	,082-762	POP4	/ -/ / /
POP5	0/ 80-302	POP5	/ -/ / /	POP5	/ -/ / /



Adaptive Optics Program



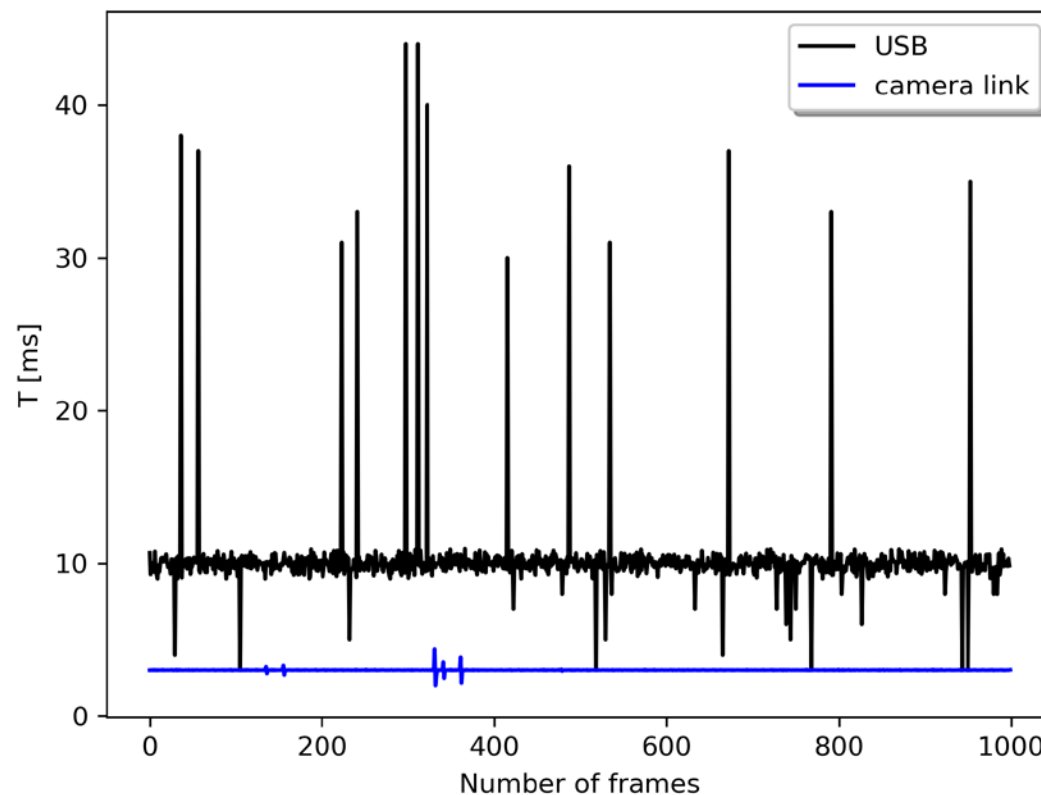




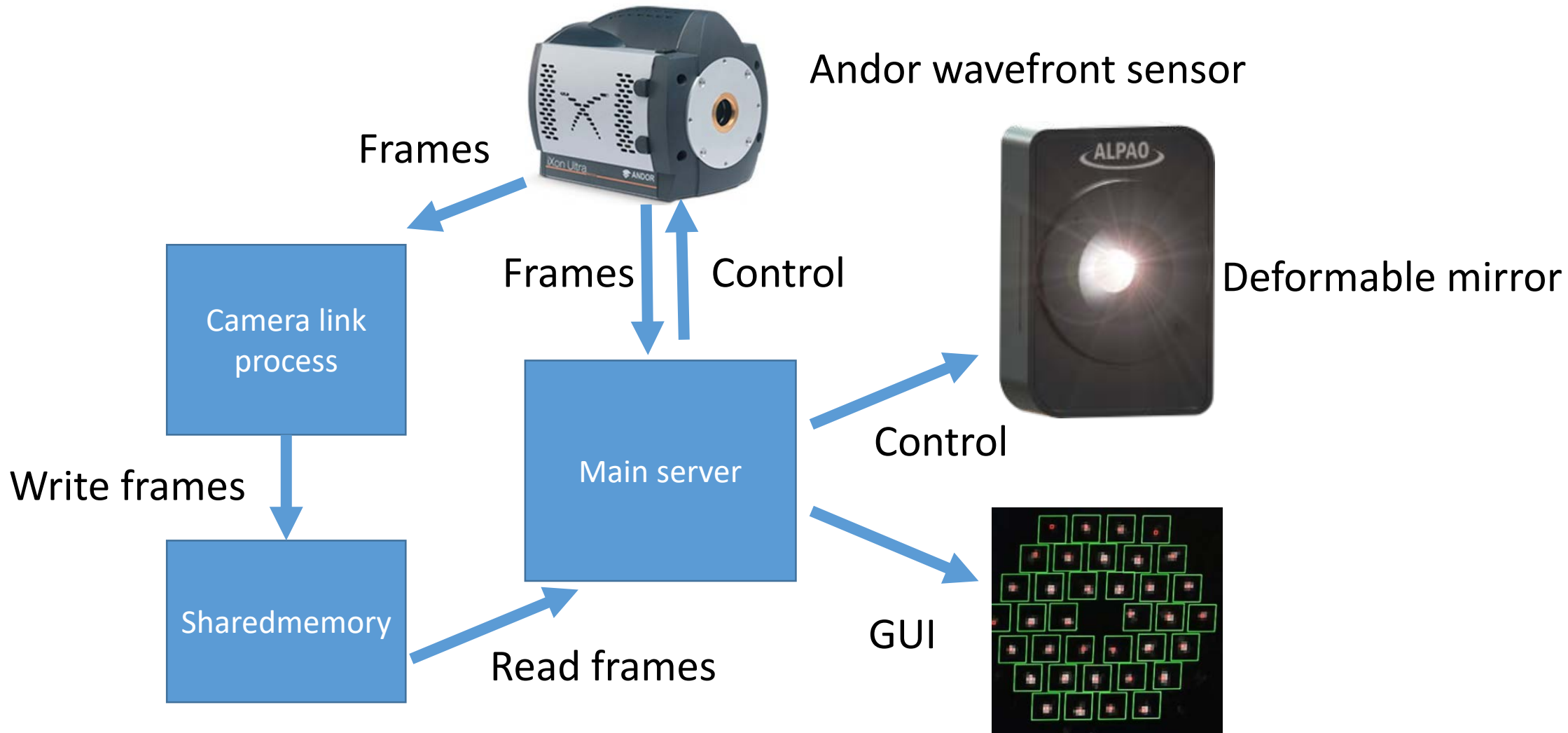
USB vs camera link

- Requirement ~ 500 FPS (2 ms atmosphere coherence time).
- Andor USB data acquisition misses 5 frames at 500 FPS frame rate

2 ms integration	Mean (ms)	Max (ms)
Camera link	2.1	3
USB	10.37	60.59

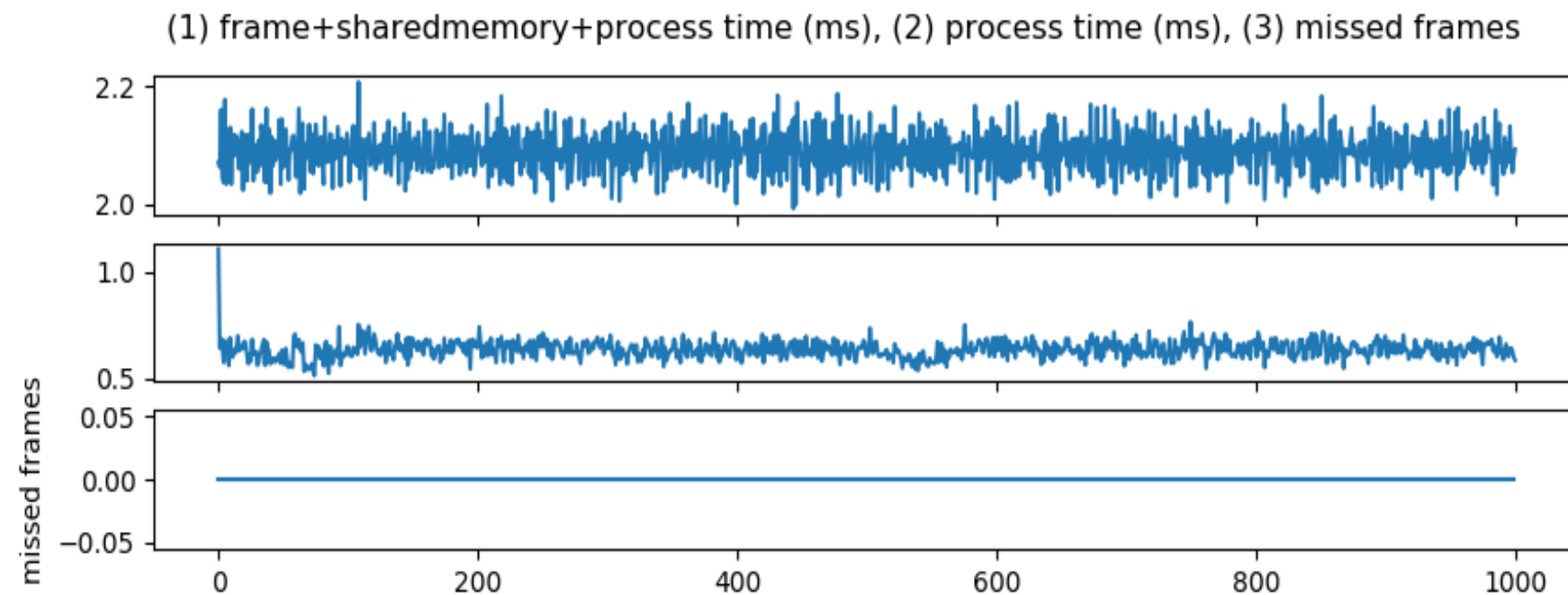


How the software works

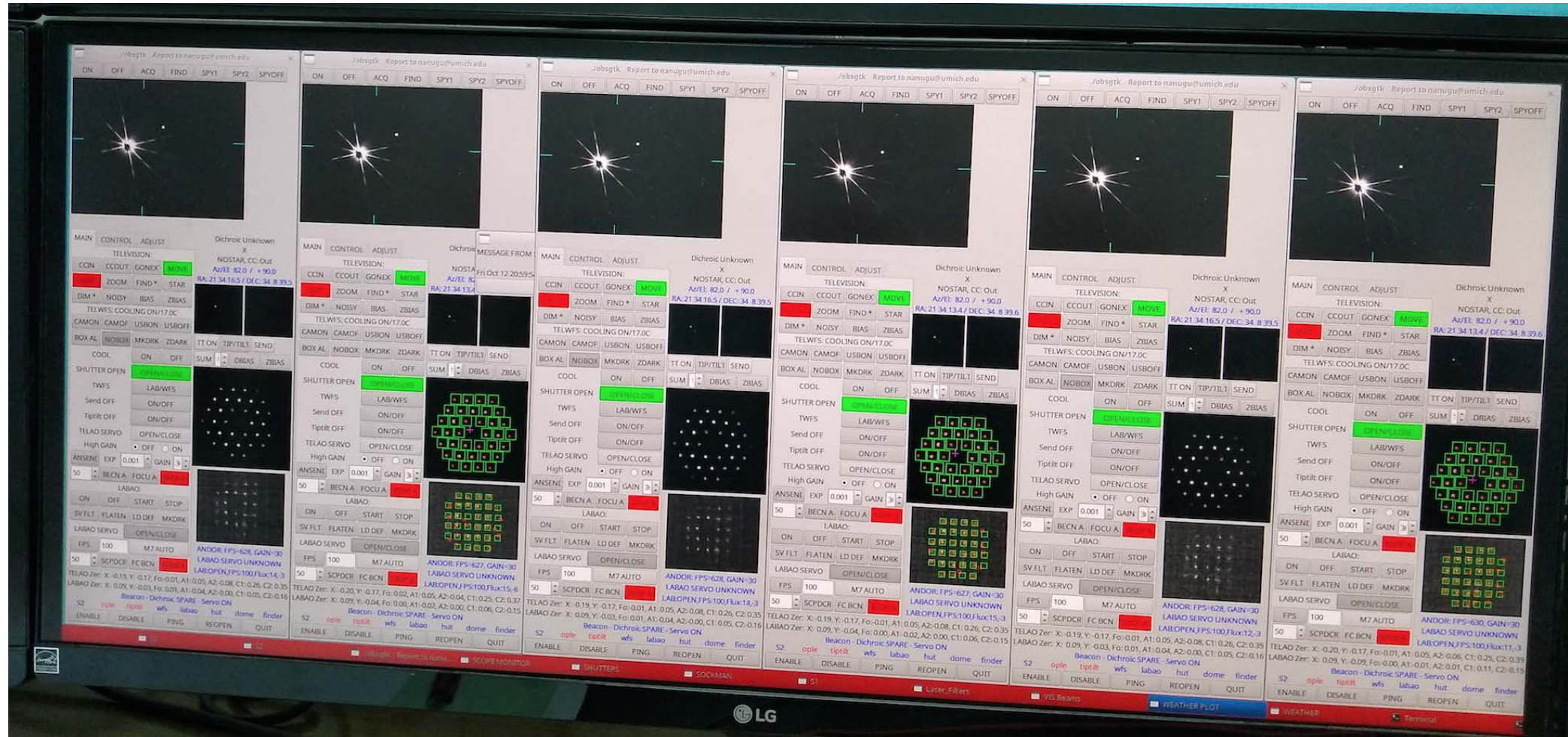


Computational delay in total measured

Type	Delay (ms)
Integration time + camera link + shared memory	2.2
Processing time	0.7

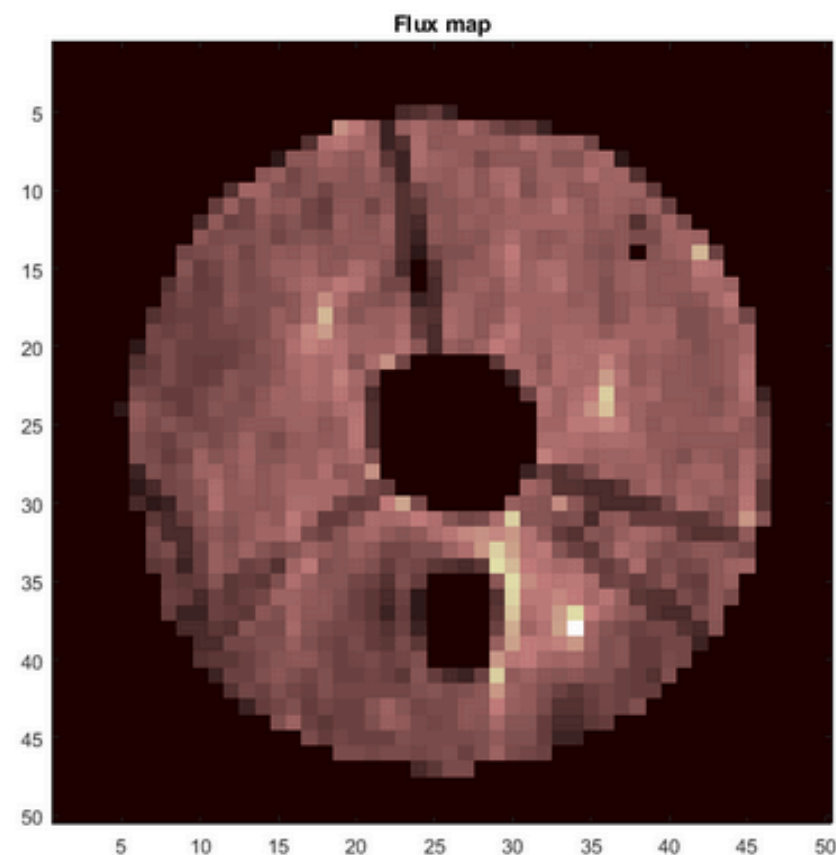
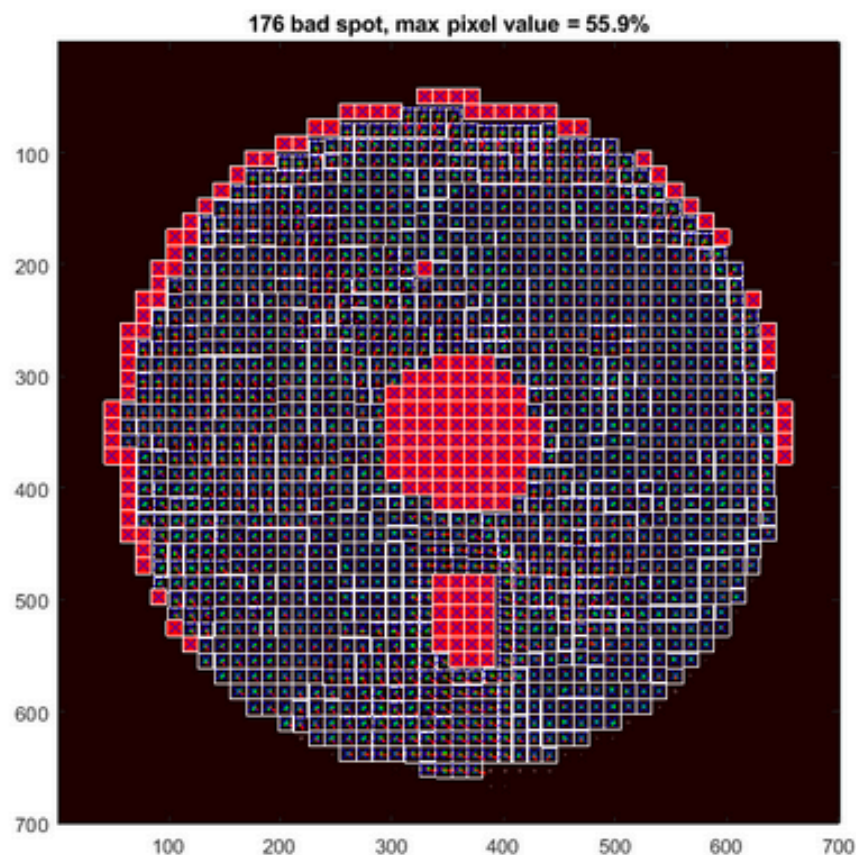


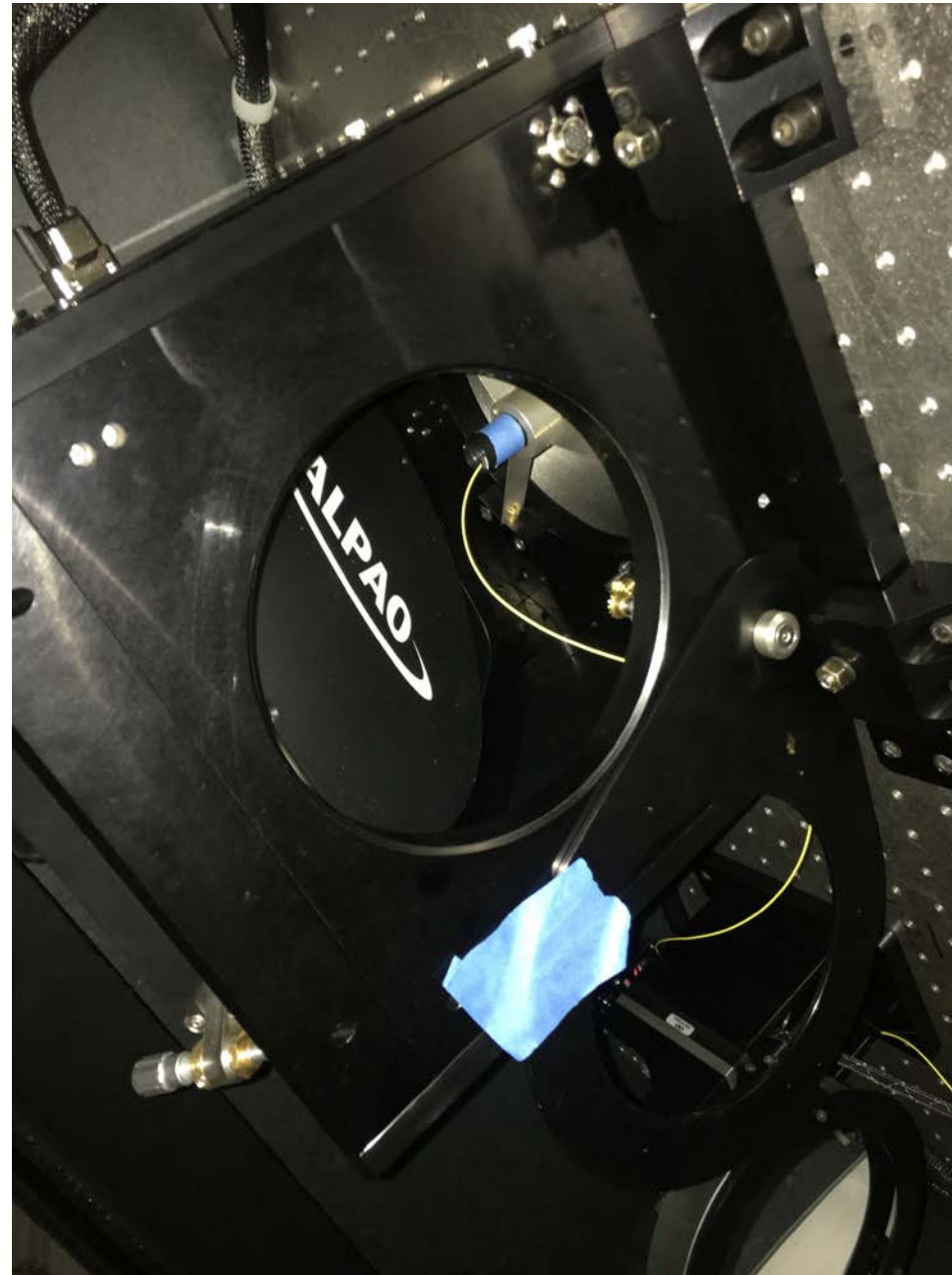
NEW GUIs





One bad actuator spoils the whole mirror.....







Current Status

- All optical the components are now in hand, although we need to send two DM's back. One for an upgrade and one to replace a bad actuator.
- The first DM suffered from large temperature instabilities and edge effects.
- The “improved” version of the DMs arrived during the holiday break and we are testing them on the sky. We will return the first DM for the upgrade. These remain the biggest (and only) major risk.
- We have much more to learn about tuning the servo, the interplay between the two AO systems, and simplification of the operational aspects.
- Can now achieve a decent flat with our own equipment. These appear to be temperature dependent.
- First AO fringes tonight???? Stay tuned, it's just starting to get really exciting!



New ATI/NSF Proposal: A Leap in Sensitivity for CHARA/CLASSIC Optical Interferometry

The most significant challenge in ground based interferometry is sensitivity, and so we propose to increase the faint limit of the CHARA Array's CLASSIC/CLIMB beam combiner by 2 magnitudes in the near infrared. This will be achieved by replacing the 20-year-old PICNIC detector with a modern SELEX MOVPE SAPHIRA based detection system. This upgrade will also include spectral resolution in both H and K bands, simultaneous observations in both bands, and a polarization split.



**Table 1. Publication/Citation Counts
(ADS/NASA)**

Site	Papers	Cites	Cites / Paper
<i>Narrabri II</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>1543</i>	<i>154.30</i>
<i>Mark III</i>	<i>48</i>	<i>2205</i>	<i>45.94</i>
<i>COAST</i>	<i>41</i>	<i>1836</i>	<i>44.78</i>
<i>ISI</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>1475</i>	<i>42.14</i>
<i>PTI</i>	<i>94</i>	<i>3793</i>	<i>40.35</i>
CHARA	174	6435	36.98
<i>IOTA</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>3384</i>	<i>33.84</i>
<i>I2T</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>708</i>	<i>33.71</i>
<i>GI2T</i>	<i>29</i>	<i>854</i>	<i>29.45</i>
<i>Keck</i>	<i>62</i>	<i>1788</i>	<i>28.84</i>
NPOI	64	1828	28.56
VLTI	536	14136	26.37
<i>SUSI</i>	<i>44</i>	<i>845</i>	<i>19.20</i>
<i>IRMA</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>106</i>	<i>15.14</i>
LBTI	12	135	11.25

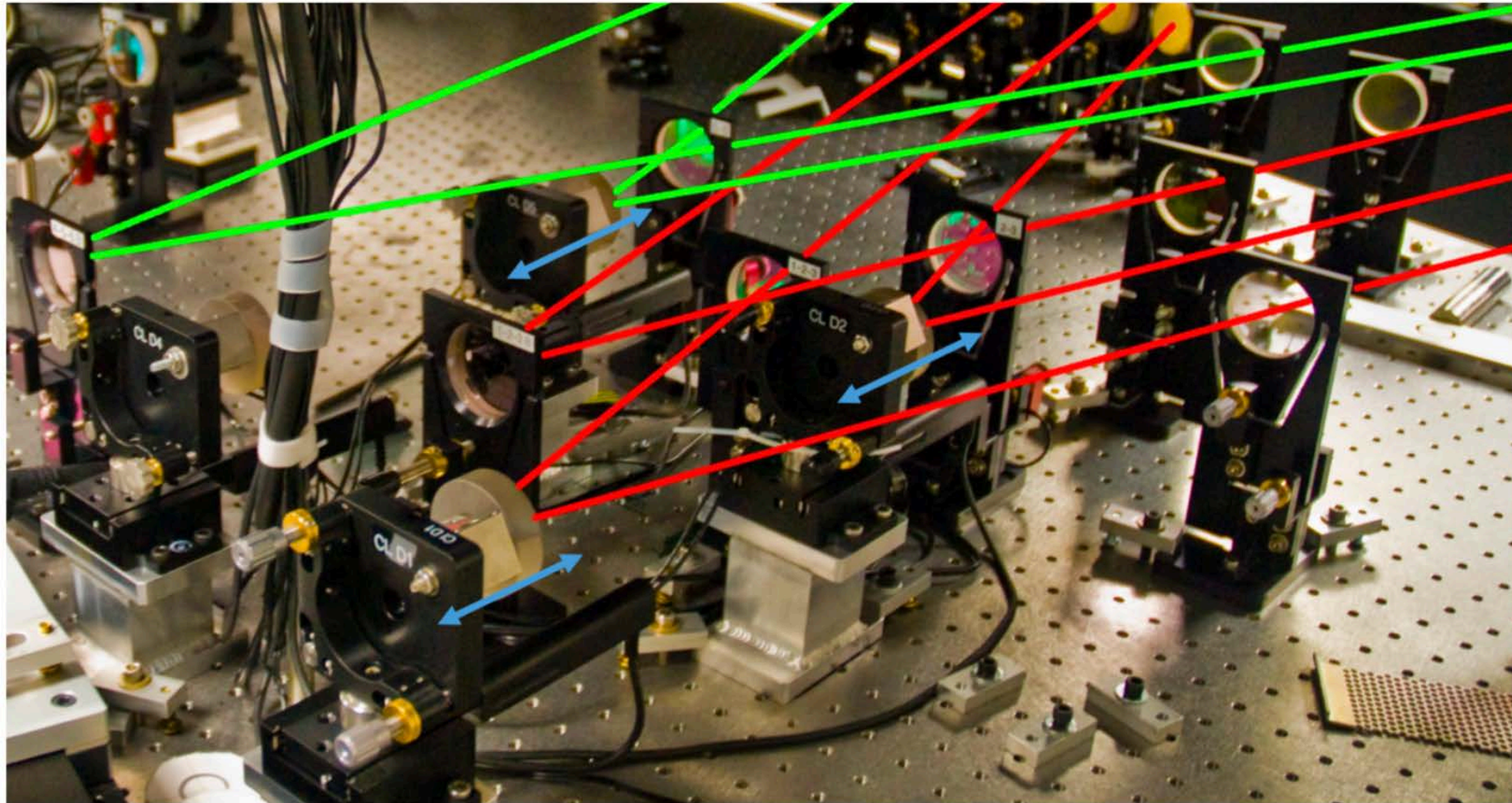


Figure 4. The CLASSIC (Top) and CLIMB (Bottom) beam combiners. The beam locations are drawn in green and red, respectively. The “dither mirrors” modulate the path-length of one beam by up to $150\ \mu\text{m}$ as indicated by the blue directional arrows. The two beam CLASSIC can be reconfigured to form a second three-way CLIMB combiner.

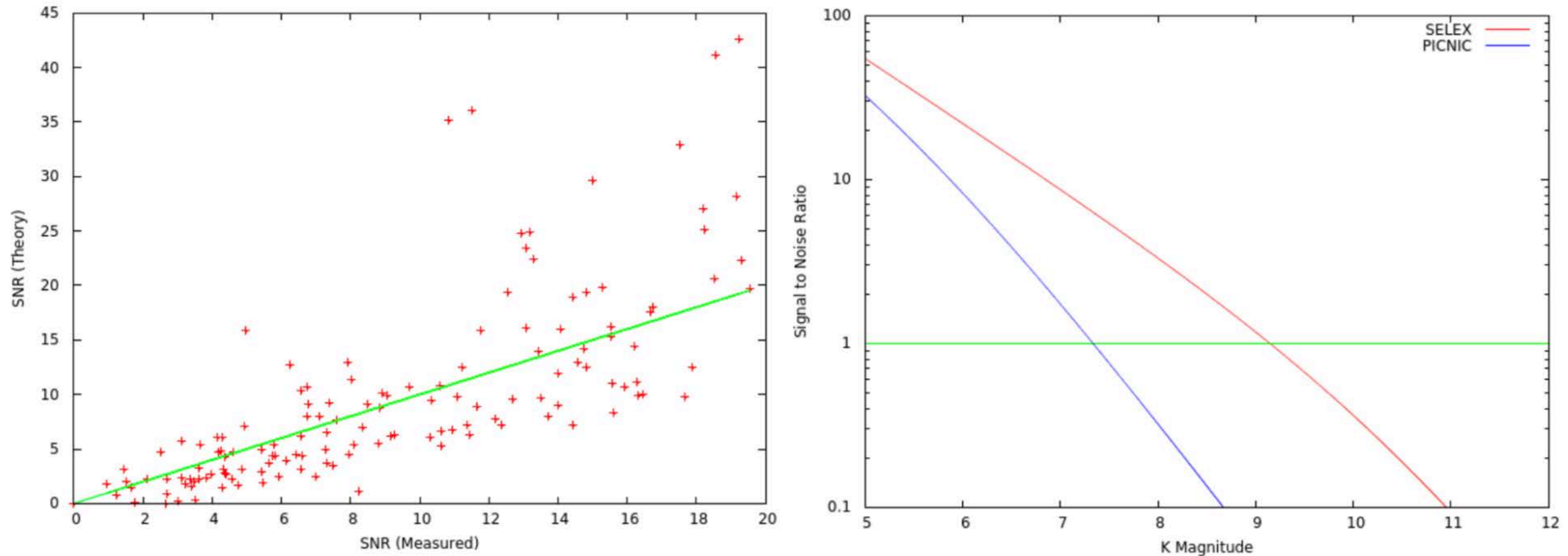


Figure 5. *Left:* Model versus measured SNR of V^2 measurements along with a line showing a 1:1 ratio (green). *Right:* Modeled SNR for H Band in good seeing conditions for the PICNIC and SELEX Cameras. A SNR of 1.0 or greater means that fringes are visible in single scans and the data can be easily calibrated and used for science.

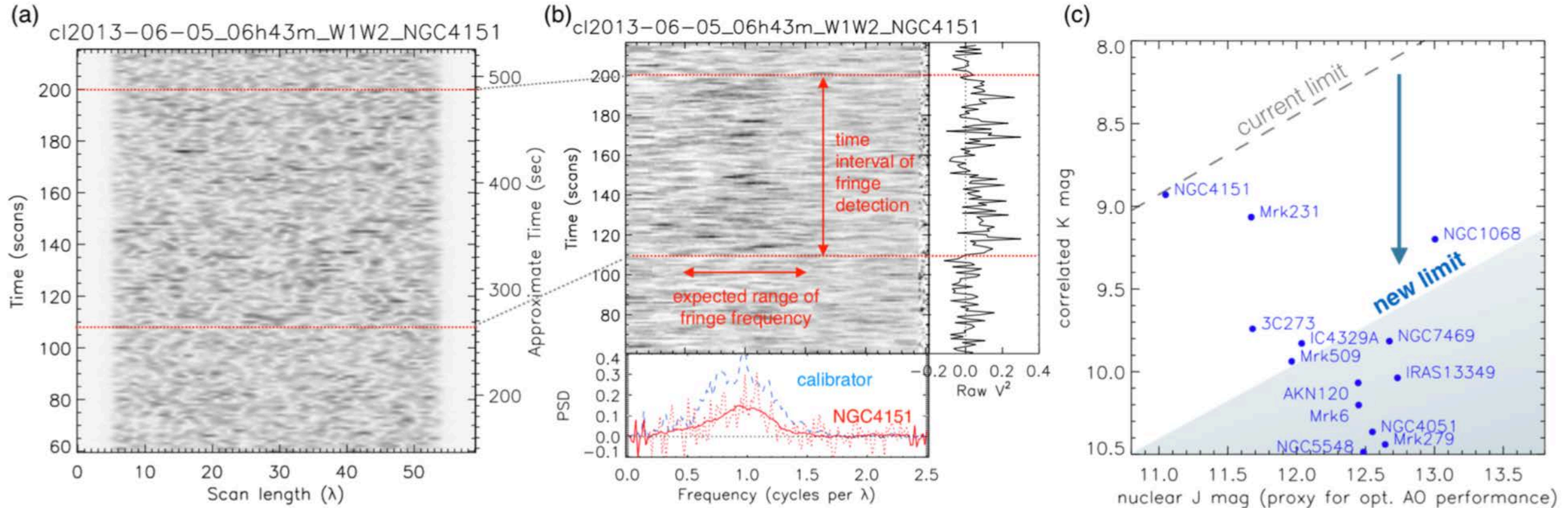


Figure 7. (a) Fringe detection on Type 1 AGN NGC4151 in fringe scan space. (b) The same data but in Fourier power spectra. We can increase the fringe SNR by averaging blindly all the power spectra (bottom panel). (c) AGN targets on the plane of correlated K mag versus nuclear J mag. The latter approximately represents the optical AO performance. Inferred current and new limits are indicated.

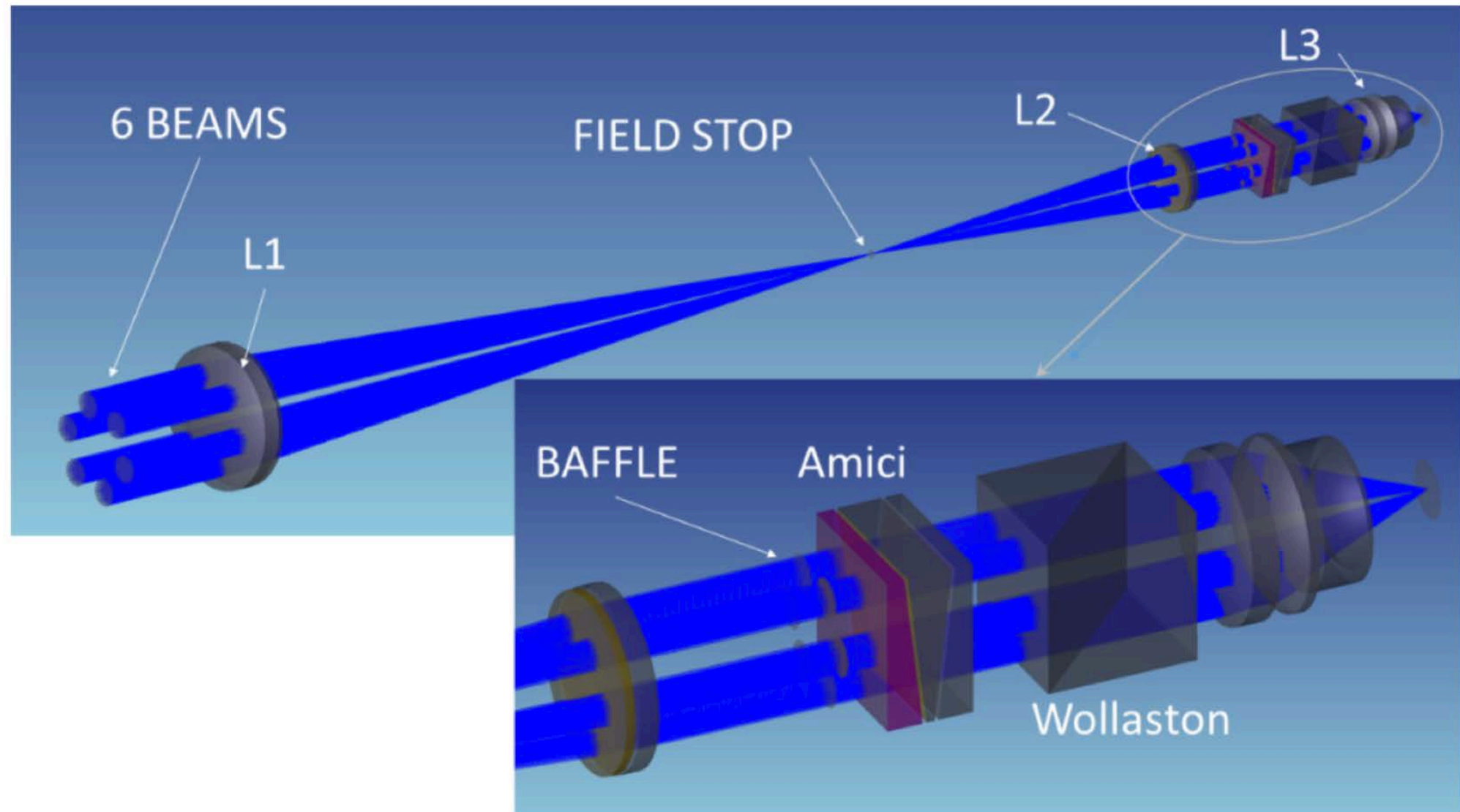


Figure 11. ZEMAX model of the optical design. L1 is part of the existing system, while the remaining cold optics are part of this proposal.

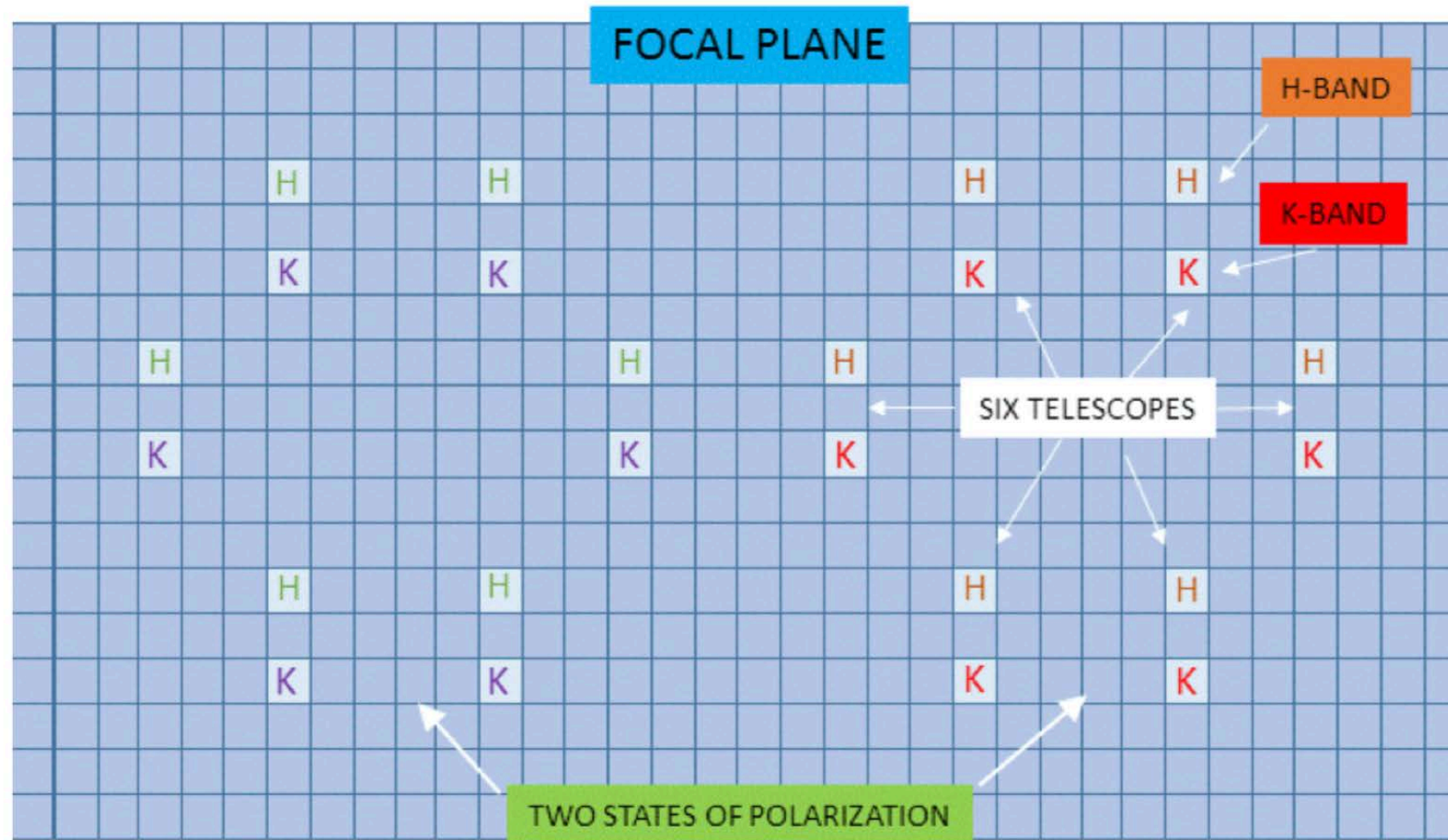


Figure 12. The six outputs are arranged in a hexagon, and the dispersive and Wollaston prisms for two output arrays with separated H and K bands.

