Open Access, Engineering, and Future Plans



Gail Schaefer

Director of the CHARA Array Georgia State University

Open Access, Engineering













Open Access at the CHARA Array

- Open Access Time Available through NOIRLab
 - Trial program started in 2010
 - Supported by National Science Foundation since 2017 Mid-Scale Innovations Program (MSIP)
 - Open to broader astronomical community and non-GSU collaboration members

Observatoire

- Offering 50 nights per semester to the community in 2024B
- Next Call for Proposals
 - Semester 2024B (Aug Dec): due April 1st
 - Semester 2025A (Feb Jul): due end of September

Observatoire LESIA



Support for Open Access Time

• CHARA staff can assist new users:

- Developing science programs
- Planning observations

Open access observations conducted by CHARA staff

- Investigators encouraged to participate in-person or remotely
- Users with prior experience can take observations
- CHARA provides calibrated OIFITS files
 - Reduction pipeline available on remote data reduction machine

Visitor Support Scientist: Cyprien Lanthermann



Data Scientist: Jeremy Jones











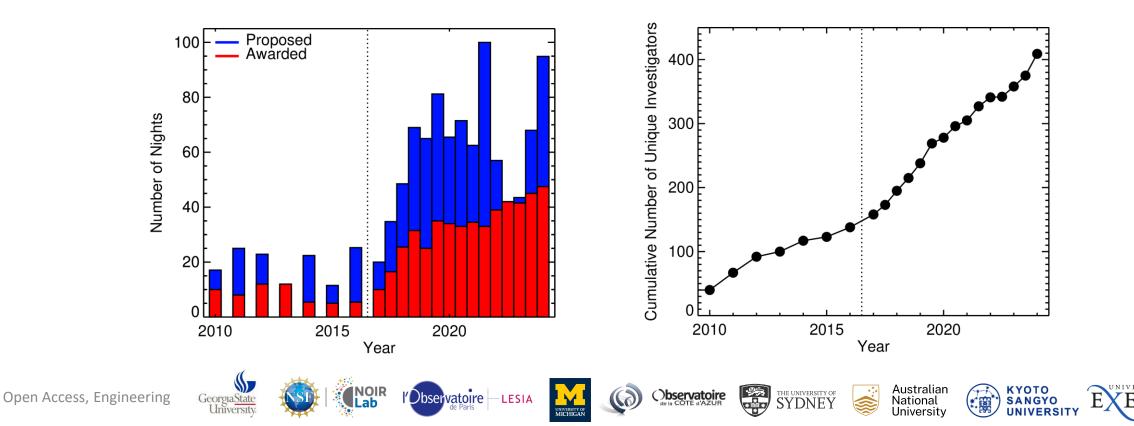






Open Access Statistics

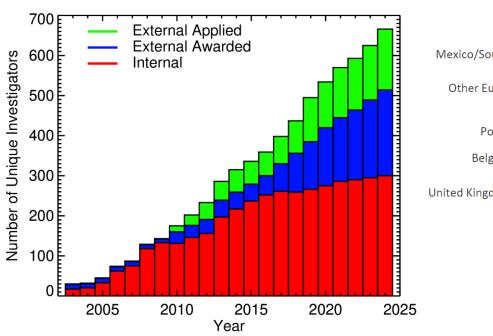
- Average over-subscription rate ~ 2
- Over 400 astronomers applied for open access time (PI+CoI)



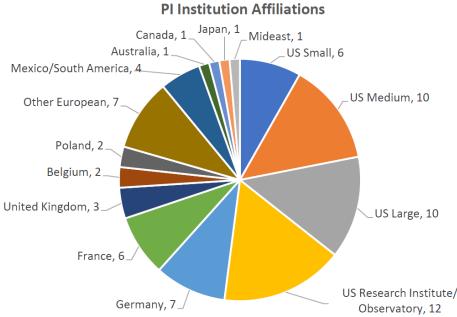




PI + Col



Georgia<u>State</u> University



Observatoire

bservatoire LESIA

Open Access Pl

- 352 open access proposals submitted since 2010
- 101 unique open access PIs from 73 distinct institutions
- US small < 5,000 students
- US medium 5,000-15,000
- US large > 15,000 students

KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY

Australian

National University

THE UNIVERSITY OF

SYDNEY

ETER

THE ASTRONOMICAL JOURNAL, 166:29 (18pp), 2023 July © 2023. The Author(s). Published by the American Astronomical Society.

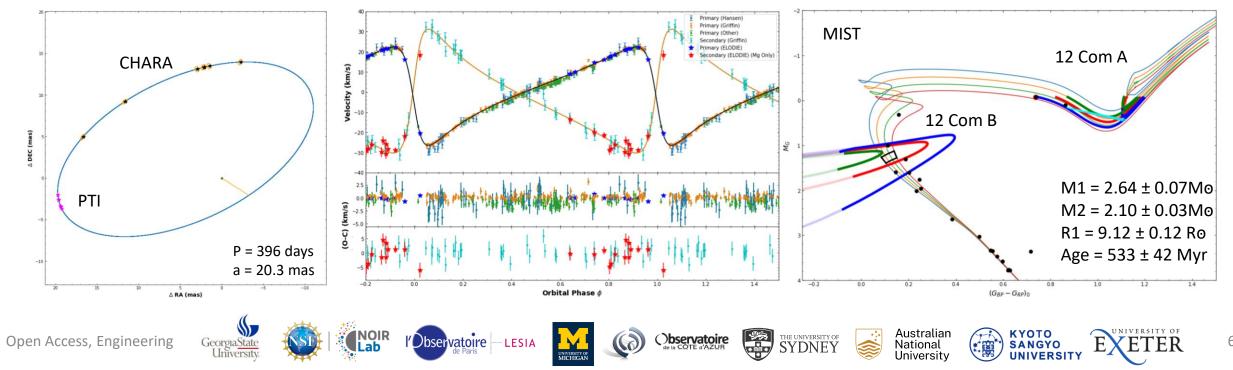
OPEN ACCESS

https://doi.org/10.3847/1538-3881/accddb



Precise Age for the Binary Star System 12 Com in the Coma Berenices Cluster

Rex Lam¹, Eric L. Sandquist¹, Gail H. Schaefer², Christopher D. Farrington², John D. Monnier², Narsireddy Anugu², Cyprien Lanthermann², Robert Klement², Jacob Ennis³, Benjamin R. Setterholm⁴, Tyler Gardner^{3,4}, Stefan Kraus⁵, Claire L. Davies⁵, and Jerome A. Orosz¹, ¹San Diego State University, Department of Astronomy, San Diego, CA 92182 USA ¹San Diego State University, Department of Astronomy, San Diego, CA 92182 USA ² The CHARA Array of Georgia State University, Mount Wilson Observatory, Mount Wilson, CA 13 91023, USA ³ University of Michigan, Department of Astronomy, Ann Arbor, MI 48109, USA ⁴ Astronomy Department, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 48109, USA ⁵ Astrophysics Group, Department of Physics & Astronomy, University of Exeter, Stocker Road, Exeter, EX4 4QL, UK *Received 2022 December 8; revised 2023 April 8; accepted 2023 April 10; published 2023 June 26*



THE ASTRONOMICAL JOURNAL, 166:123 (9pp), 2023 September

© 2023. The Author(s). Published by the American Astronomical Society.

OPEN ACCESS

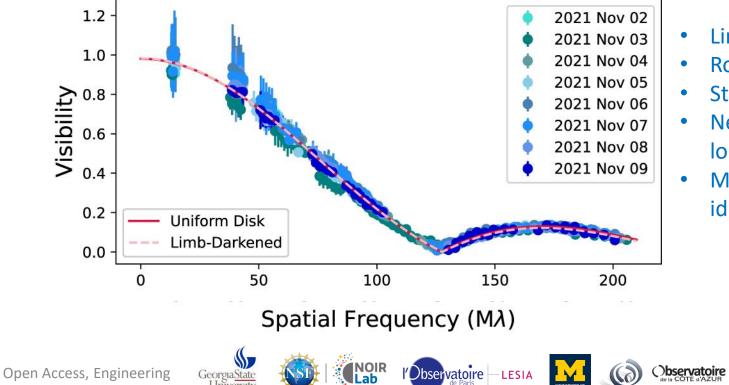
https://doi.org/10.3847/1538-3881/ace906



Refining the Stellar Parameters of τ Ceti: a Pole-on Solar Analog

Maria Korolik¹, Rachael M. Roettenbacher^{1,2}, Debra A. Fischer¹, Stephen R. Kane³, Jean M. Perkins⁴, John D. Monnier², Claire L. Davies⁵, Stefan Kraus⁵, Jean-Baptiste Le Bouquin⁶, Narsireddy Anugu⁷, Tyler Gardner^{2,5}, Cyprien Lanthermann⁷, Gail H. Schaefer⁷, Benjamin Setterholm^{2,8}, John M. Brewer⁹, Joe Llama¹⁰, Lily L. Zhao¹¹, Andrew E. Szymkowiak¹, and Gregory W. Henry¹², Jepartment of Astronomy, Yale University, 52 Hillhouse Avenue, New Haven, CT 06511, USA; rmroett@umich.edu² Department of Astronomy, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 48109, USA

2 Department of Astronomy, Oniversity of Michigan, Ann Aroor, Mi 40109, OSA



- Limb-darkened angular diameter: 2.019 ± 0.012 mas
- Rotation period: 46 ± 4 days (gyrochronology)
- Stellar inclination of 7° ± 7° (vsini, R, P)
- Nearly pole-on orientation brings into question long-term stability of reported exoplanets.

Australian

National Jniversitv KYOTO SANGYO

UNIVERSITY

 Misalignment with debris disk rotation axis idisk = 35° ± 10°

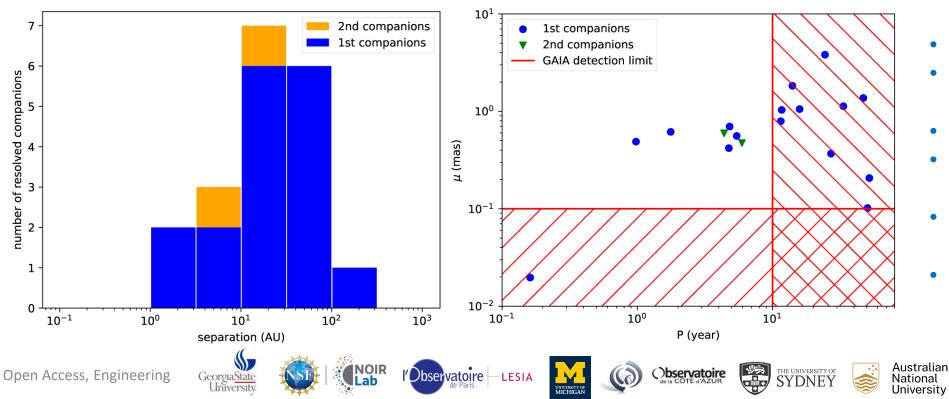
A&A 672, A6 (2023) https://doi.org/10.1051/0004-6361/202245364 © The Authors 2023

Astronomy Astrophysics

Multiplicity of northern bright O-type stars with optical long baseline interferometry

Results of the pilot survey

C. Lanthermann^{1,2,3}, J.-B. Le Bouquin³, H. Sana², A. Mérand⁴, J. D. Monnier⁵, K. Perraut³, A. J. Frost², L. Mahy⁶, E. Gosset⁷, M. De Becker⁷, S. Kraus⁸, N. Anugu¹, C. L. Davies⁸, J. Ennis⁵, T. Gardner⁵, A. Labdon⁹, B. Setterholm⁵, T. ten Brummelaar¹, and G. H. Schaefer¹



- Survey 29 massive stars.
- Resolved 19 companions in 17 different systems.
- Separations: 0.5-50 mas
- Multiplicity fraction: fm = 0.59 ± 0.09
- Average number of companions

KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY

 $fc = 0.66 \pm 0.13$

THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL, 950:149 (11pp), 2023 June 20 © 2023. The Author(s). Published by the American Astronomical Society.

OPEN ACCESS





Three-dimensional Orbit of AC Her Determined: Binary-induced Truncation Cannot Explain the Large Cavity in This Post-AGB Transition Disk

Narsireddy Anugu^{1,2}, Jacques Kluska³, Tyler Gardner⁴, John D. Monnier⁵, Hans Van Winckel³, Gail H. Schaefer⁶, Stefan Kraus⁴, Jean-Baptiste Le Bouquin⁷, Steve Ertel^{2,8}, Antoine Mérand⁹, Robert Klement⁶, Claire L Davies⁴, Jacob Ennis⁵, Aaron Labdon¹⁰, Cyprien Lanthermann⁶, Benjamin R. Setterholm⁵, Theo ten Brummelaar⁶, Akke Corporaal³, Laurence Sabin¹¹, and Jayadev Rajagopal¹²

The Astrophysical Journal Letters, 957:L28 (6pp), 2023 November 10 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$ 2023. The Author(s). Published by the American Astronomical Society.

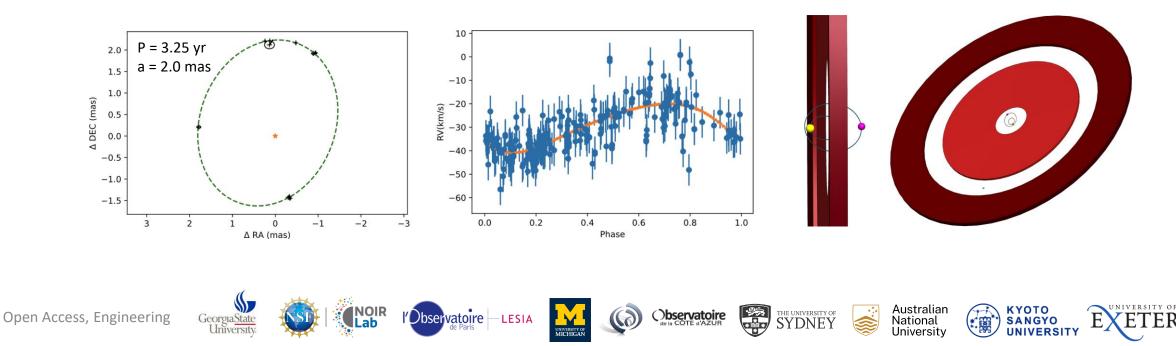
https://doi.org/10.3847/2041-8213/ad0730

OPEN ACCESS



AC Her: Evidence of the First Polar Circumbinary Planet

Rebecca G. Martin^{1,2}, Stephen H. Lubow³, David Vallet^{1,2}, Narsireddy Anugu⁴, and Douglas R. Gies⁵



Open Access Results Presented at 2024 CHARA Science Meeting

Talks:

- Nancy Evans: "The Orbit and Mass of Polaris"
- Noel Richardson: "Visual Orbits of Wolf Rayet Stars"
- Ashley Elliott: "Stellar and Planetary Parameters of the 51 Eridani System"
- Shashank Dholakia: "Analytic Interferometry of Stellar Surfaces with Spherical Harmonics"

Posters:

- David Frothingham: "MIRCX and MYSTIC Observations of High Mass Loss Red Supergiants"
- Ryan Norris: "Interferometric Imaging of CH Cyg"
- Muhammad Zain Mobeen: "RADMC3D Models of V838 Mon in the HK bands"

Open Access, Engineering

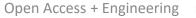








Engineering Update on Alignment Sequences













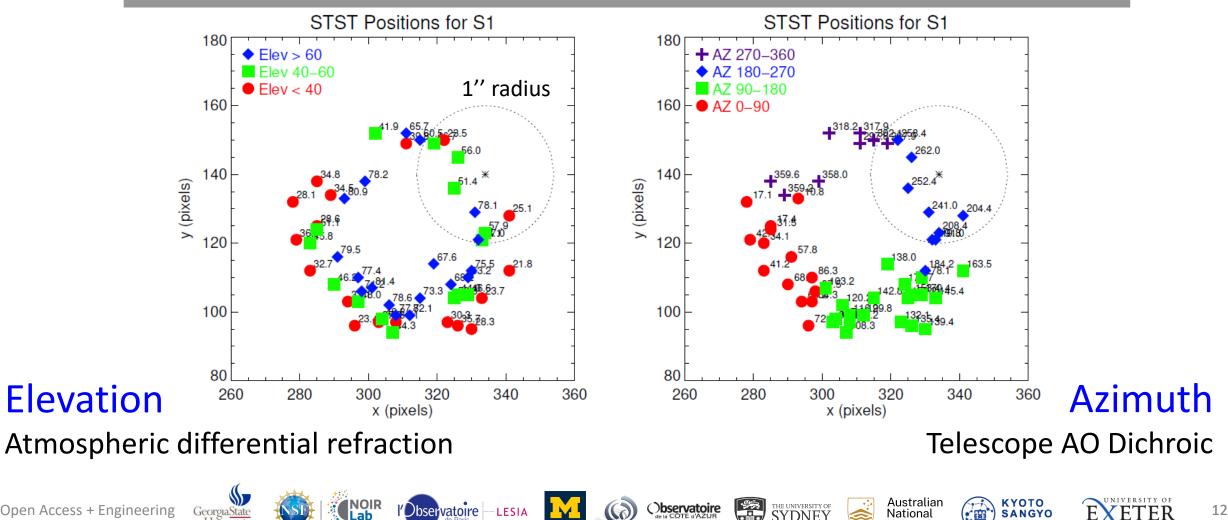








Update on Alignment Sequences Offset in IR Star Position in Lab

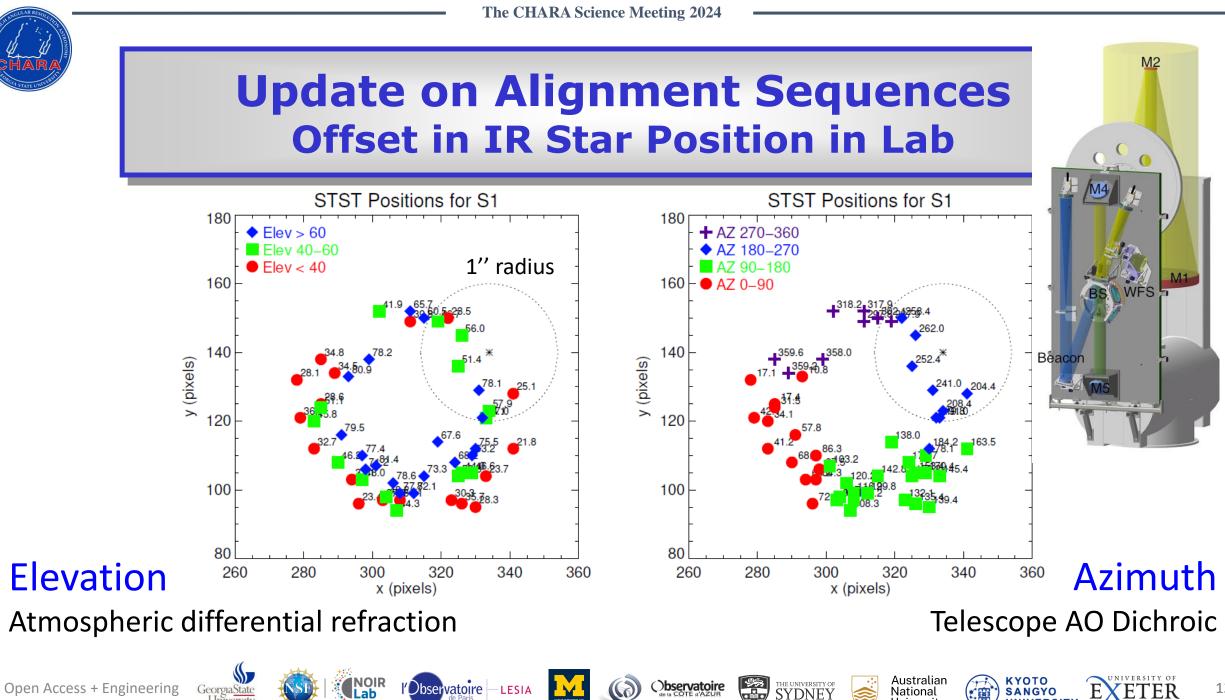


SYDNE

National

Universitv

UNIVERSITY

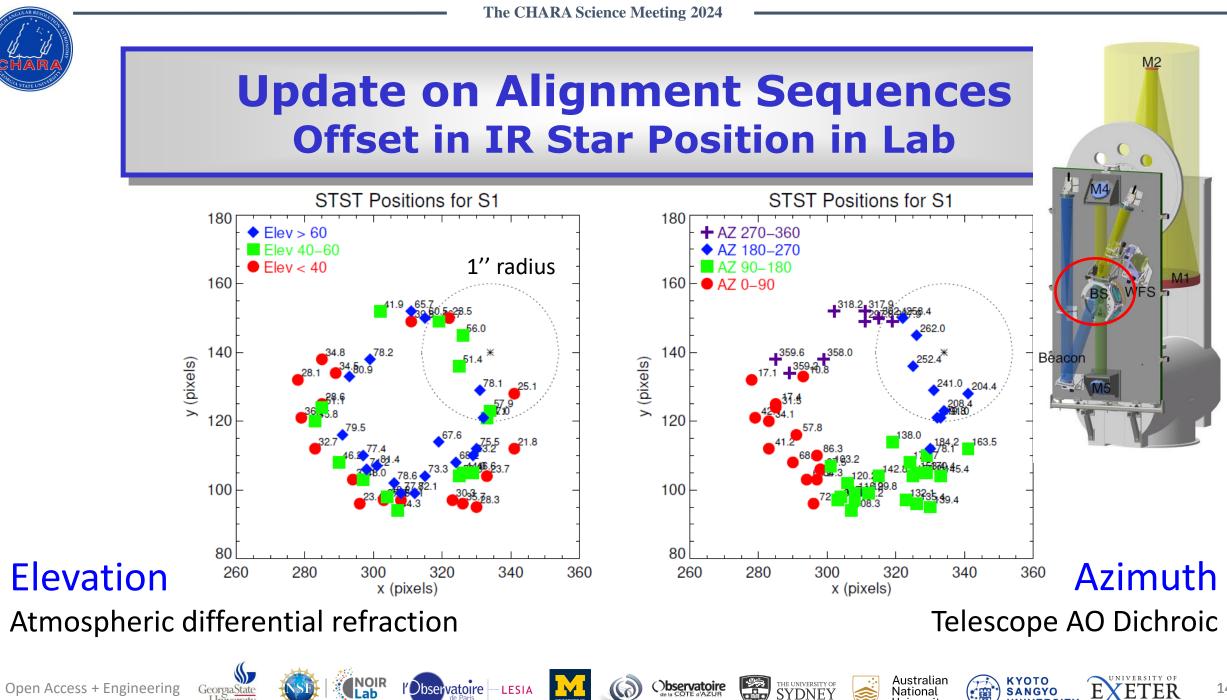


Open Access + Engineering



UNIVERSITY

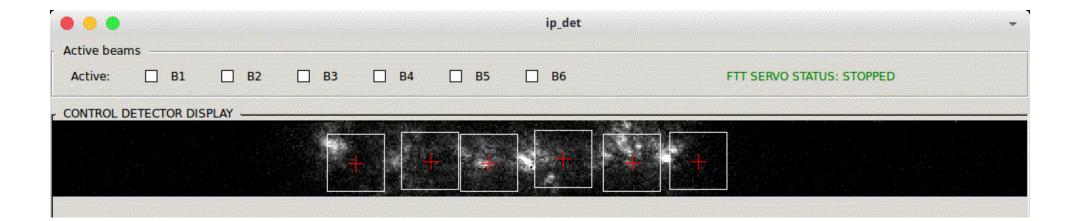
Universitv



UNIVERSITY

Universitv

Update on Alignment Sequences Offset in Visible Light Positions



Stars at similar elevations, but different azimuths











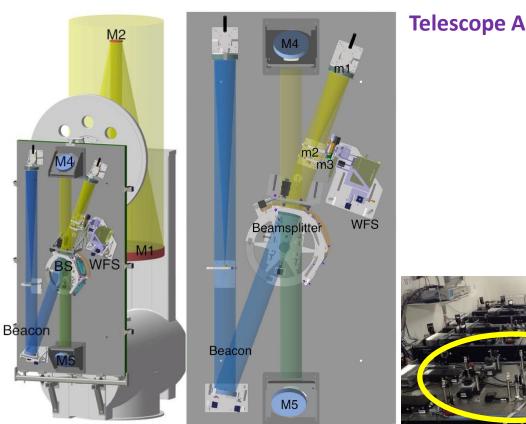






Alignment of the AO Systems

- Telescope AO locks on starlight.
- Lab AO Locks on blue beacon.
- Telescope dichroic causes dispersion between different wavelengths going into the lab.





Lab AO







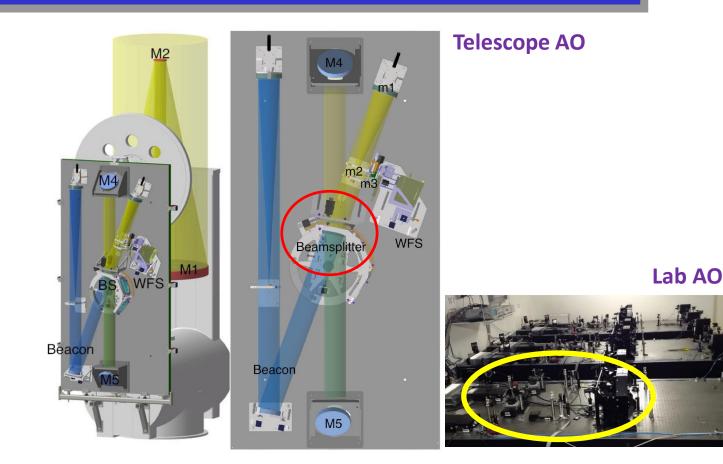






Alignment of the AO Systems

- Telescope AO locks on starlight.
- Lab AO Locks on blue beacon.
- Telescope dichroic causes dispersion between different wavelengths going into the lab.









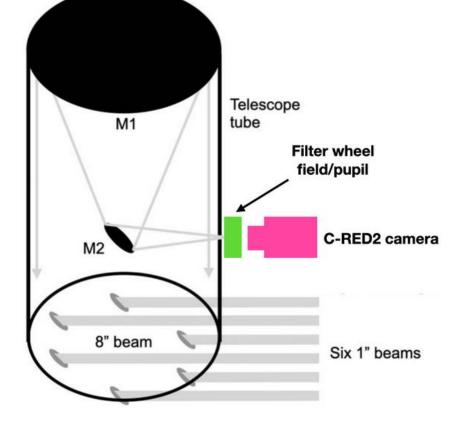


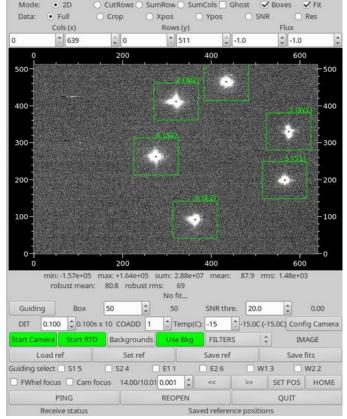




Six Telescope Star Tracker (STST)







Open Access + Engineering G







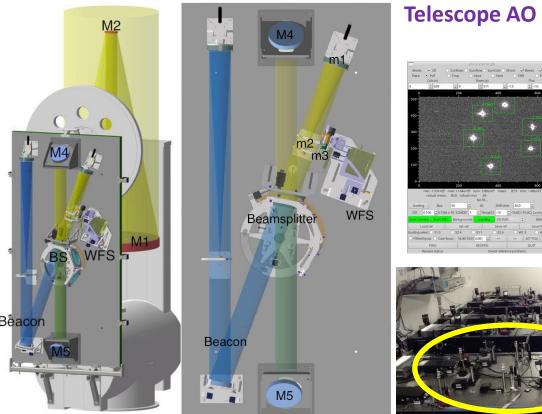






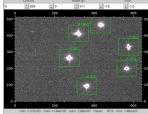
New On Sky Alignment Sequence in 2023

- Move beacon flat mirror and M7 to keep starlight centered on STST and blue beacon aligned to Lab AO
- Next steps: Implement STST Guiding
- Need to improve STST sensitivity for fainter stars ($J \sim 6 \text{ mag}$)
- Use SPICA Control camera in place of STST for aligning visible starlight

























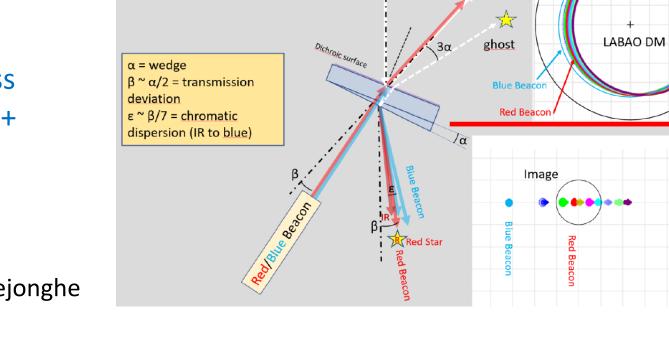


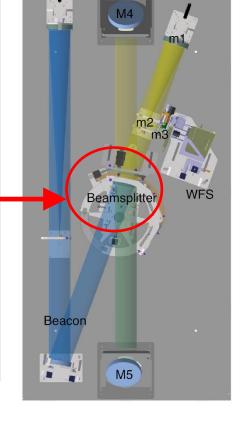
AO Dichroic Causes a Misalignment Between Visible and IR Light in the Lab

 $\overrightarrow{}$

Compromise in alignment for simultaneous multi-wavelength observations across V+H+K with SPICA + MIRC-X + MYSTIC

Modeling by Julien Dejonghe









WEDGED DICHROIC: Short

study about its effect



RB







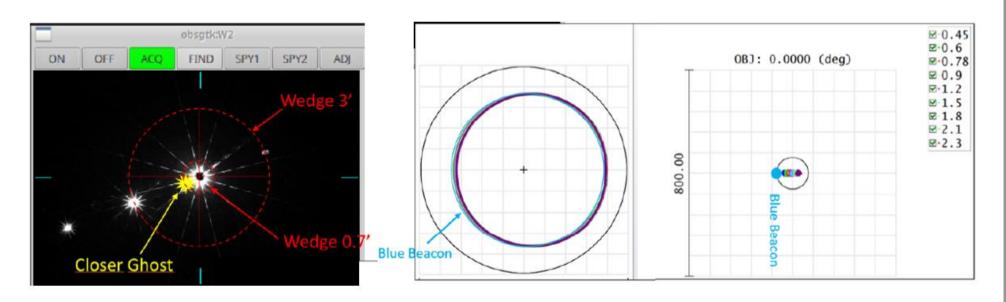
№0.45

⊠•0.6 ⊠•0.78 ⊠•0.9

⊠•1.2 ⊠•1.5 ⊠•1.8

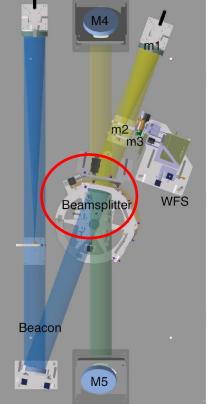
Ø·2.1 Ø·2.3

Possible Solution: Reduce Wedge Angle of Dichroic to Minimize Dispersion between Visible/IR



Modeling by Julien Dejonghe

Collect multi-wavelength data simultaneously with good alignment to SPICA + MIRC-X + MYSTIC!





















NSF ATI Proposal Pending: AO Upgrades and Sensitivity Enhancements

- Next Generation Adaptive Optics
 - Maximize performance for recording fringes simultaneously at visible and IR wavelengths
 - New telescope dichroics minimize dispersion
 - New lab AO deformable mirrors flat shape / increase stroke

Observatoire

- Enhance Sensitivity for Faint Targets
 - See talk by Cyprien Lanthermann

bservatoire





Long Term Future Directions

Next big initiatives

- Central 2m telescope sensitivity, imaging (prelude to an array of 2m scopes)
- Longer baselines development of 1 km CMAP site
- Expanding delay lines (double pass?)

bservatoire

 Testbed for new instrumentation – integrated optics, nulling, quantum techniques

Observatoire

Join us for the community discussion on Thursday!

